

Raspberry Pi

Computational Thinking and Cyberscience

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Choose your own adventure

Introduction - Computational Thinking and Raspberry Pi ----- 3 – 21

- Continuation of Introduction

Computing Tracks

- Demo - Tiny Titan Supercomputing Demo
- Talk - History and Future of Supercomputing
- Demo – Machine Learning on an Rpi

Cyberscience

- Hacking Demo 1 - DDOS demo
- Hacking Demo 2 - ARP Poisoning
- Alt – practice run for middle schoolers

Computational Thinking & Raspberry Pis

Discovering Problem Solving Using Computer Science

- Ti Leggett – Deputy Project Director & Deputy Director of Operations
- Argonne Leadership Computing Facility (ALCF)

Why computational thinking?

Problem Solving by Pattern Matching

- Critical skill, not just in computer science
- Break the problem down
 - What are you trying to solve?
 - What do you know/have?
 - Do you know what you don't know?
 - How do you find out what you don't know?
 - Do you notice any patterns?
 - After solution, can you simplify/optimize the solution further?

Examples

- Helping my son with math homework
- Assembling a wheelbarrow
- Building a house in Minecraft

My Story

Tools to help teach computational thinking

Software Resources

- **MIT Scratch**
 - <http://scratch.mit.edu>

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- **Code.org**
 - <https://code.org>
- **Alice**
 - <https://www.alice.org>

What's the difference?

- MIT Scratch
 - More open ended
 - Community based
- Code.org
 - Aligned with Common Core
 - Step by Step
 - Hour of Code
- Alice
 - Focuses more on visual and interactive
 - Not as widely used as other two

Hardware Resources

- **Lab computers, laptops, & tablets**

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- **PINE64**
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- **Raspberry Pi**
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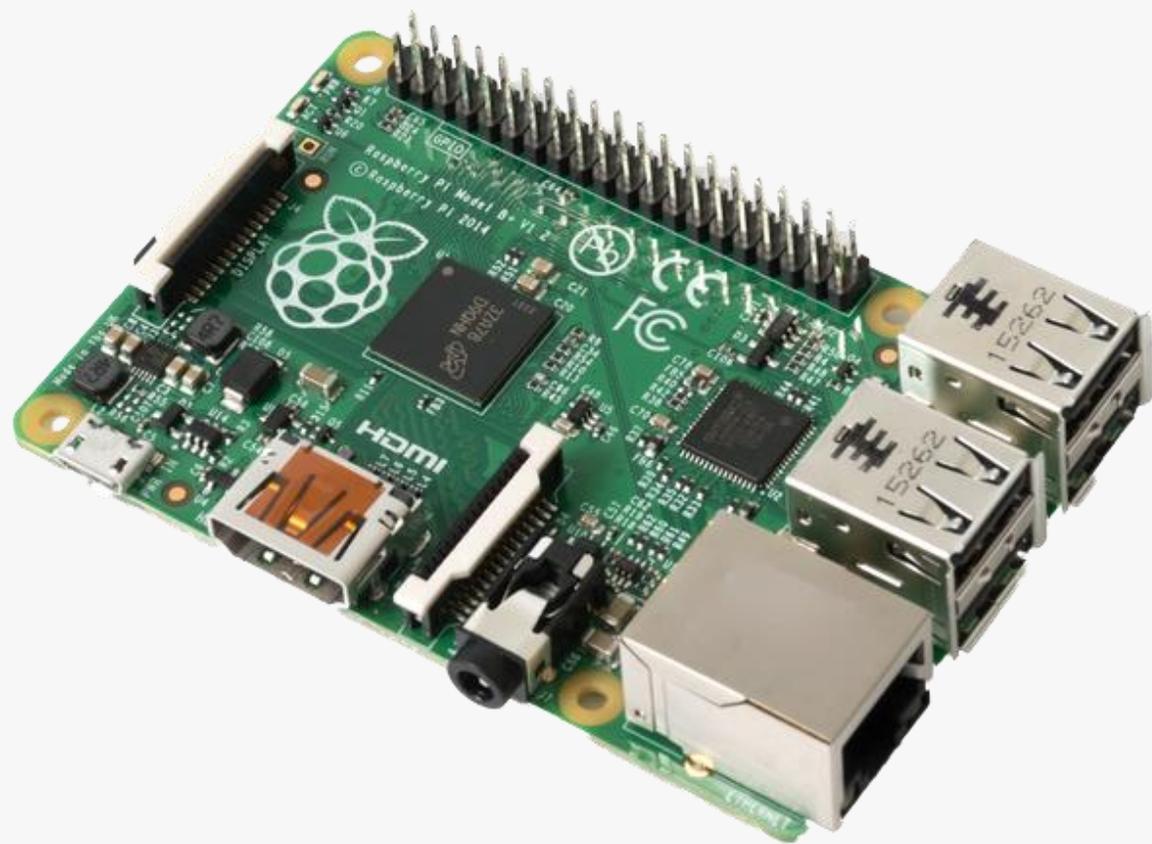
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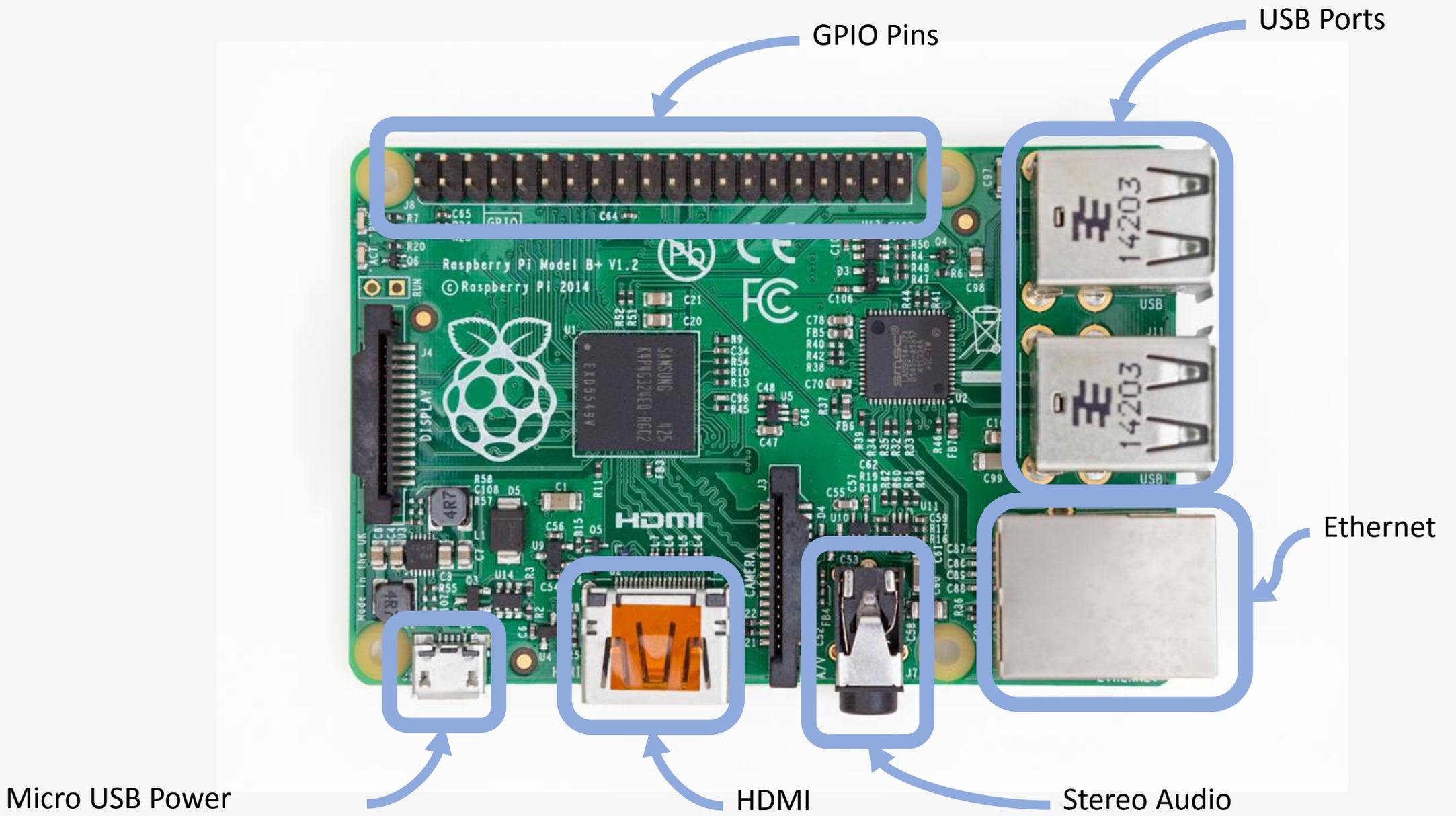
- **BeagleBone, PINE64, & Raspberry Pi**
 - Full fledged computers
 - Run an OS
 - Programmed with many different languages
 - More general purpose
 - More easily use networks
 - Large amount of RAM
- **Arduino**
 - Microcontroller
 - No OS, what you “flash” on it is the only thing that runs
 - Great for “real time” applications
 - Low power & can be tiny
- **All have General Purpose I/O (GPIO)**
 - Sensors, motors, relays

Why the Raspberry Pi?

- **It's cheap: \$35**
- **Works with common components**
 - TV, keyboard, mouse, wireless, Bluetooth
- **Updated versions regularly**
 - Faster, more RAM, better I/O, etc.
- **Flexible**
 - Runs Windows & Linux
- **Huge user community**
 - Many existing projects and examples
- **MagPi**
 - Free to download monthly magazine
- **Lots of accessories**
 - Cameras, LCDs, sensors, cases

Introduction to the Raspberry Pi





GPIO Pins

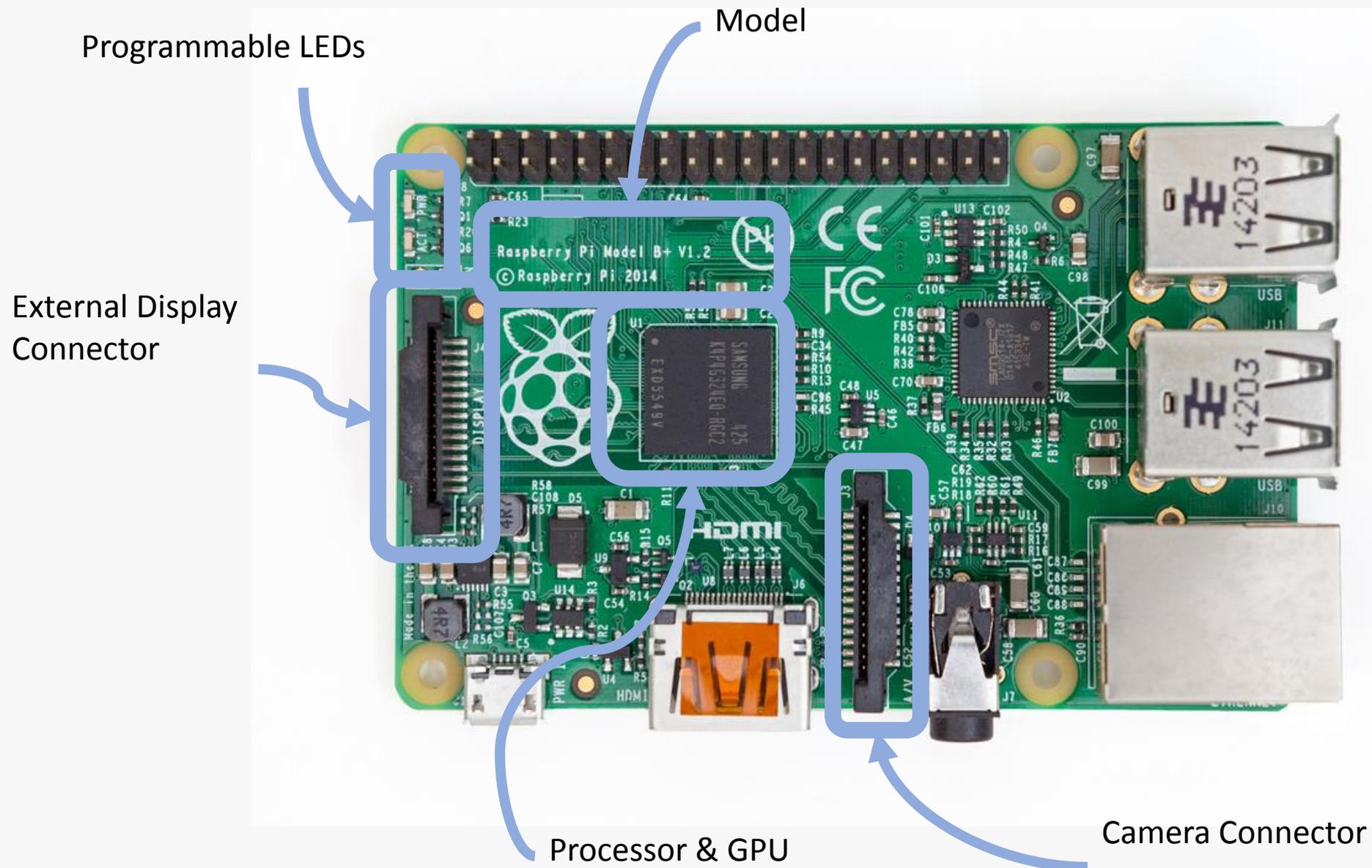
USB Ports

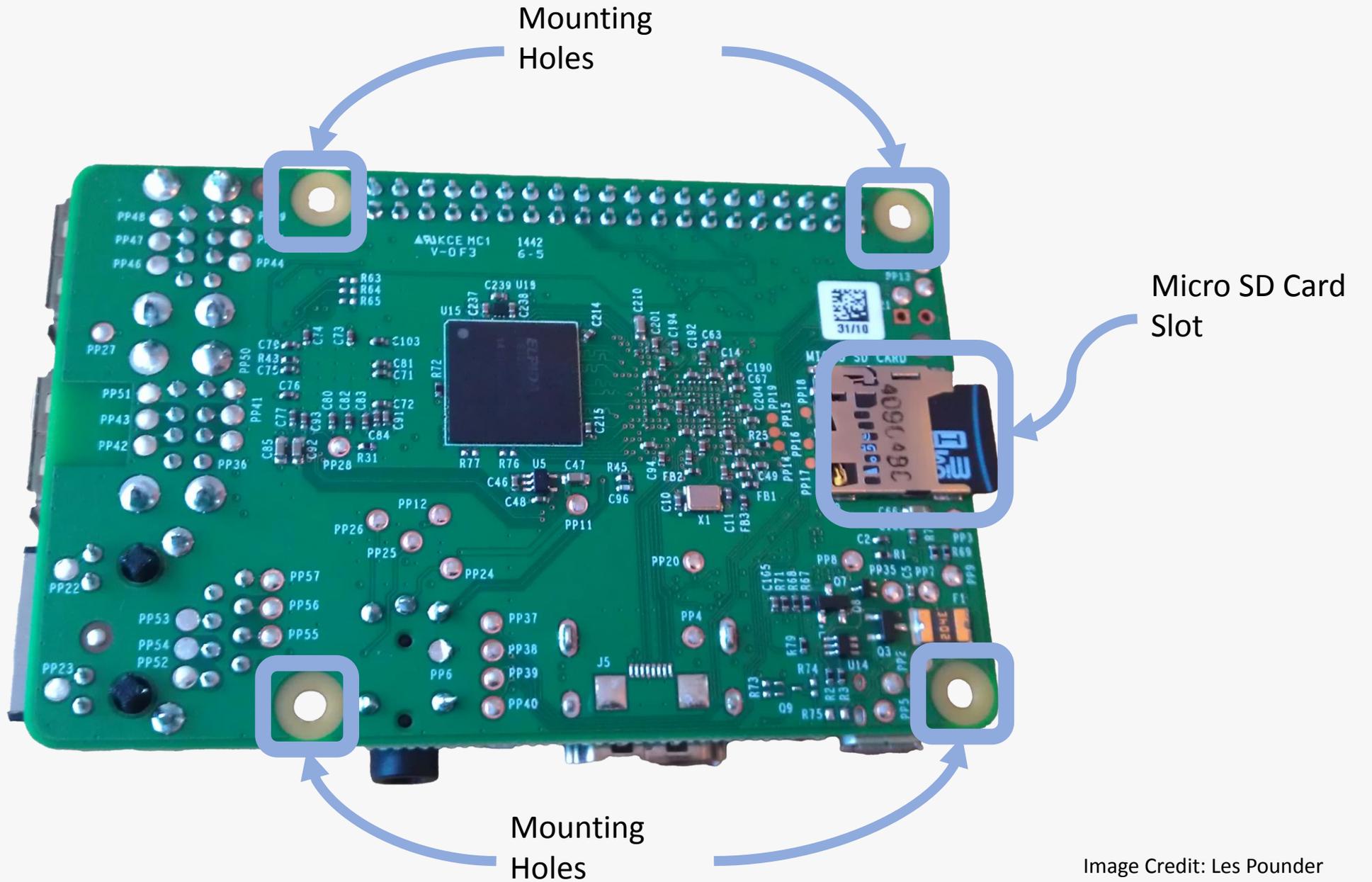
Ethernet

Stereo Audio

HDMI

Micro USB Power





Mounting Holes

Micro SD Card Slot

Mounting Holes

Image Credit: Les Pounder
<https://bit.ly/2KdFnMd>

What do you need to get started?

- **HDMI monitor or TV**
- **HDMI cable**
- **USB keyboard and mouse**
- **8GB+ micro SD card**
- **SD card reader (your laptop may have one built in)**
- **OS image**
 - Raspbian: <https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian/>
- **Software to write to the SD card**
 - <https://etcher.io/>
- **Micro USB power adapter**
 - Many cell phone chargers will work
 - Make sure it is at least rated for 2.5A output
 - If in doubt, buy a UL rated one for a Raspberry Pi 3

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INTRO END

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