THE RHIC FACILITY AND THE SBIR/STTR PROGRAM

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RHIC and the SBIR/STTR Program

- The RHIC complex comprises eight accelerators, including the twin 3.8 km superconducting collider rings.
- The C-AD Department has nearly 400 staff members which operate, maintain and upgrade the accelerator complex and do R&D on a variety of subjects.
- We consider the SBIR/STTR program as an important element in the way we do accelerator R&D.
- SBIR/STTR programs are highly encouraged and strongly supported by C-AD.



Ilan Ben-Zvi DOE ONP SBIR/STTR Exchange Meeting September 13-14, 2010

RHIC – a High Luminosity (Polarized) Hadron Collider



The mission of the Nuclear Physics (NP) program is to discover, explore, and understand all forms of nuclear matter. The fundamental particles that compose nuclear matter quarks and gluons - are relatively well understood, but exactly how they fit together and interact to create different types of matter in the universe is still not fully explained. To solve this mystery, NP supports experimental and theoretical research along with the development and operation of particle accelerators and advanced technologies – to create, detect, and describe the different forms and complexities of nuclear matter that can exist in the universe, including those that are no longer found naturally.



The mission of the Collider-Accelerator Department is to develop, improve and operate the suite of particle / heavy ion accelerators used to carry out the program of accelerator-based experiments at BNL; to support the experimental program including design, construction and operation of the beam transports to the experiments plus support of detector and research needs of the experiments; to design and construct new accelerator facilities in support of the BNL and national missions. The C-A Department supports an international user community of over 1500 scientists. The department performs all these functions in an environmentally responsible and safe manner under a rigorous conduct of operations approach.



Brookhaven National Laboratory and Stony Brook University established a joint Center for Accelerator Science and Education (CASE). Research done under the aegis of CASE involves a large number of graduate students and post doctoral associates, and brings together the resources of a large National Laboratory and a large State University.



RHIC – First Polarized Hadron Collider



Delivered Integrated Luminosity and Polarization



<u>Nucleon-pair luminosity</u>: luminosity calculated with nucleons of nuclei treated independently; allows comparison of luminosities of different species; appropriate quantity for comparison runs.



Excellence (as determined by NSAC Committee on Performance Measures)

A true surprise has been found, a new type of strongly-coupled matter with a ratio of viscosity to entropy density lower than any heretofore known. Attempts to understand this property have led to completely unanticipated connections to theories of quantum gravity and to a postulated fundamental quantum limit on the ratio of viscosity to entropy density. This unforeseen development implies that "viscosity" should be added as a particularly important property to be quantified.

Just last run alone: Measured $T_{init} \ge 300 \text{ MeV} \sim 4 \times 10^{12} \text{K}$ Hints of local parity violation

Anti-hypertriton discovery and much more...



Accelerator R&D Investment (\$k) FY2009 – FY2012

B&R	KB0202011	FY09 Actual	FY10 Allocated	FY11 Guidance	FY12 +3.5%
Existing Facility					
Machine Devel	opment	\$2,66 4	\$3,00 <mark>0</mark>	\$3,125	\$3,25 0
TOTAL Existing Facility		\$2,664	\$3,000	\$3,125	\$3,250
<u>Next Generation</u> Stochastic Cooling					
Labor		\$494			
M&S		\$250			
MeRHIC / eRHIC / ERL					
Labor					
	Simulation & Design	\$2,125	\$2,227	\$2,573	\$2,676
	Production Labor	\$1,860	\$1,807	\$2,088	\$2,171
М&	S	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$1,040	\$1,076
eRHIC (MIT-Bates)		\$282	\$150		
EIC R&D Proposals (M&S)		·		\$1,400	\$1,449
TOTAL Next Generation R&D		\$7,011	\$6,184	\$7,101	\$7,372

Next generation accelerator R&D: 5.0 % of RHIC ops. funding



Electron Beam Ion Source (EBIS)

- New high brightness, high charge-state pulsed ion source, ideal as source for RHIC
- Produces beams of all ion species including noble gas ions, uranium (RHIC) and polarized He³ (eRHIC)
- Prototype achieved 1.7 $*10^9$ Au³³⁺ in 20 µs pulse with 8 A electron beam (60% neutralization)
- RHIC EBIS source completed and operating (first ions were extracted in December)
- Construction schedule: FY2006 10 (CD4: 4Q FY2010)
- Funding profile:

	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	Total
DOE NP	0.7	2.1	5.1	4.2	2.7	14.8
NASA	0.5	3.0	1.0			4.5
Total	1.2	5.1	6.1	4.2	2.7	19.3





Stochastic Cooling and 56 MHz SRF cavity

- Longitudinal and transverse cooling demonstrated at 100 GeV/nucleon in RHIC, counteracting IBS.
- Longitudinal and vertical cooling installed in both rings. Horizontal cooling under construction, to be competed for Run-12.

56 MHz SRF storage cavity:

- > Greatly reduces satellite bunches
- Re-entrant quarter wave resonator
- Under construction, to be completed for Run-13.





Transverse stochastic cooling

- Blue and Yellow vertical stochastic cooling kicker and pick-up installed, Yellow transverse cooling demonstrated, used in operation
- > Yellow vertical cooling cools both planes via coupling
- > Blue vertical cooling under commissioning
- Blue and Yellow horizontal cooling under construction (for Run-12), will reduce transverse cooling time









A Long Term (Evolving) Strategic View for RHIC



BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY

eRHIC Design



eRHIC R&D

High current polarized electron gun. Polarized He³ source. Coherent Electron Cooling. Beam-Beam simulations. SRF cavity development. High current ERL technology: Non-destructive diagnostics RF power and control Compact small-gap magnets. ROOKH&VEN NATIONAL LABORATORY





Software and Data Management:

Simulation software of beam cooling, photocathodes, SRF cavities

Examples: Tech-X VORPAL based simulations of electron cooling, coherent electron cooling, diamond amplified photocathodes, 3-D multipacting code

Last run (Run 10) RHIC detectors produced >2 pewtabytes of data.

Electronics Design and Fabrication:

RF power amplifiers

Example: Green Mountain Radio Research solid-state amps

Example: Beam Power Technology elliptic beam klystron

Reactive power tuners

Example: OmegaP development of high-power, fast reactive tuners Materials for reactive power tuners

Example: Euclid Techlabs development of Nonlinear Ferroelectric



Examples of opportunities (continued)

Accelerator Technology:

SRF cavity

Example: AES development of crab cavity,

Example: Niowave development of 28 MHz fast tunable SRF cavity HOM damping

Cryomodule

Electron guns

Example: AES 1.3 GHz SRF gun, Niowave 112 MHz SRF gun Photocathodes

Example: AES development of preparation chambers and load-locks Example: Nanohmics surface modifications of photocathodes Example: AES development of polarized SRF gun load-lock



Examples of opportunities (continued)

Instrumentation:

Non-destructive beam monitors

Example: RadiaBeam proposed Thomson scattering monitor

Example: RARTECH proposed beam profile monitors

Nuclear Physics Isotope Science and Technology:

BLIP is a major producer of medical radioactive isotopes



The RHIC Complex is supporting the mission of the Office of Science in providing a thriving and highly successful service to the users' community and carrying out cutting edge accelerator R&D program.

The SBIR/STTR program is playing an important role in our R&D program.

Small business companies are encouraged to get in touch with the speaker to find a match between the R&D needs of the RHIC complex and their capabilities and ideas.

