

HOM Absorber Design for eRHIC ERL Cavity (Now EIC)

SBIR Grant Award No. DE-SC0018466

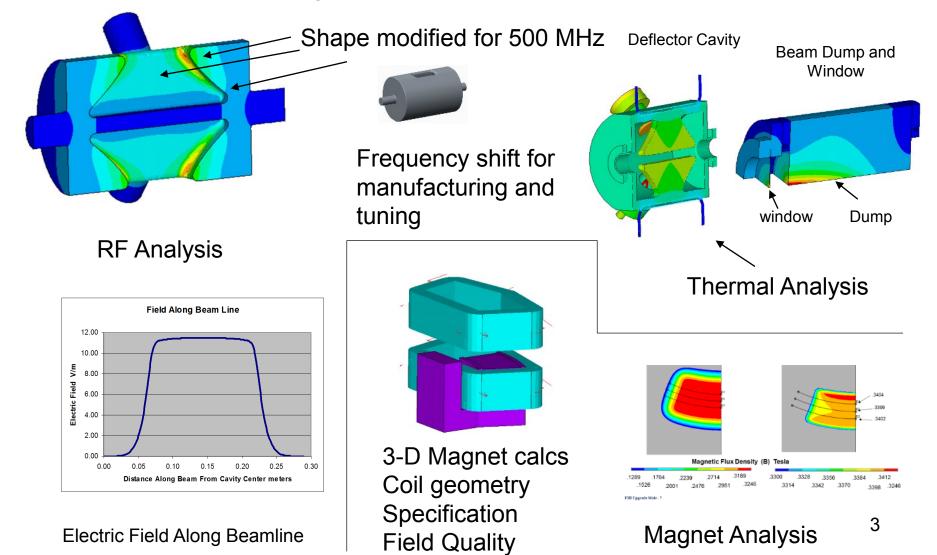
T. Schultheiss TJS Technologies LLC <u>tjstechnologies@outlook.com</u> 2023 SBIR STTR Exchange Meeting Aug 16, 2023

Outline

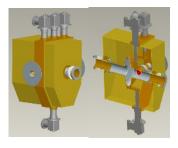
- TJS Technologies LLC (2016)
 - Engineering Services
 - FHI Fritz Harbor Institute ongoing
 - Free Electron Laser Deflector Cavity
 - » RF Thermal Analysis Design, Coupling
 - » Beam dump and beam dump window
 - JLAB ongoing
 - SRF Cavity Cooled by Cryocoolers Thermal Analysis
 - FPC Coupling to Locate the FPC nearer the cavity (450kW per FPC)
 - Coaxial FPC Evaluation RF/Thermal Analysis
 - Higher Order Mode Absorber SBIR Phase I, II & IIA
 - Fabricated Prototypes
 - Waveguide
 - Beamline Delivered to BNL
 - Phase IIA
 - Develop Low Weight Design Perform Low Power Testing
 - » Delivered to BNL
 - Fabricate HOM absorber for Crab Cavity

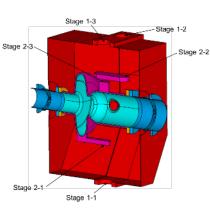
Engineering Service FHI

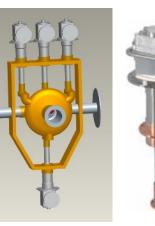
Develop a Beam Deflector to Provide 2 500 MHz Beams from a single 1 GHz beam for 2 Color FEL

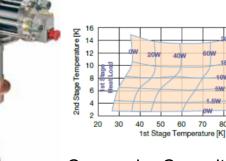


Engineering Service JLAB



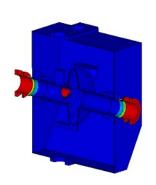


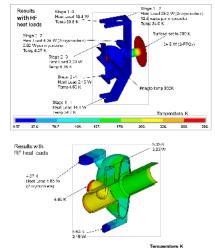




Cryocooler Capacity Map

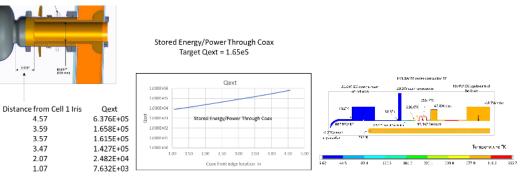
RF and Thermal Analysis and Side Coupling for power couplers





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RF and Thermal Analysis Beam Pipe Coaxial Power Coupling



80W

80 90 100

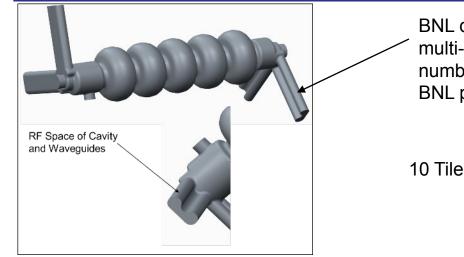
Higher Order Mode Absorber SBIR

- Motivation
 - In 2017 and 2018 BNL evaluated designs for the electron accelerator in eRHIC, now EIC, the proposed electron-ion collider
 - It included a multi-cell
 - high average current
 - high bunch charge
 - Requiring a higher order mode absorber
 - » with considerable power absorption capability
 - Waveguide Shape Absorber near Cavity
 - Beamline HOM Absorber (round)
 - Crab Cavity HOM absorbers

Higher Order Mode Absorber SBIR Tasks

- Phase I
 - Define/update HOM specifications with BNL
 - Develop the concept design of the absorber module
 - Perform RF/Thermal and Structural Analysis of the HOM module
 - Develop manufacturing plan and design for the HOM absorber module to a cost level.
- Phase II
 - Manufacture Prototypes
 - Waveguide HOM
 - Beamline HOM
- Phase II A
 - Develop low weight Crab Cavity HOM absorber
 - RF sweep tests of waveguide prototype to determine S11 of HOMs
 - High Power absorption tests of tile/backer cores

BNL Designed Cavity and B-shaped waveguide Phase I

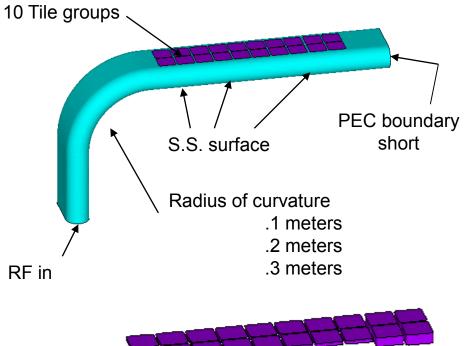


Input Excitation Port

Frequency Dependent permittivity and Loss tangent

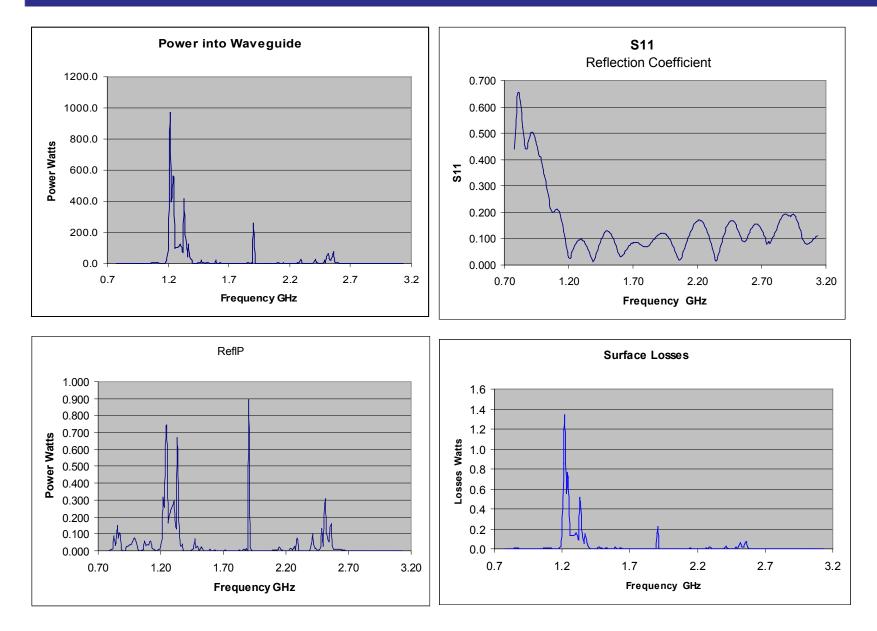
Surface Losses assuming Stainless Steel

Output S11, Power for each tile group For each Frequency Sum Power for each tile group over HOM frequencies BNL developed a B-Shaped waveguide to suppress multi-pacting and improve impedance, decreasing the number of waveguides per cavity BNL paper SRF2017 TUPB002

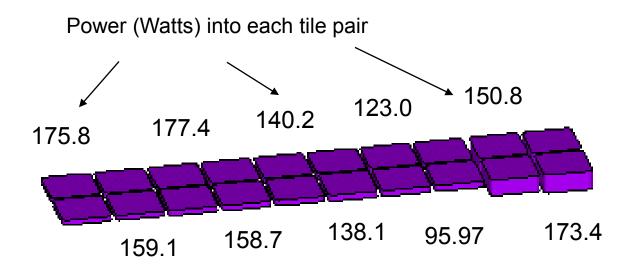


Tile groups with varying thickness Made from SC-35, graphite loaded Silicon Carbide

Power In from BNL, S11, Reflected Power, Surface Loss from Analysis



Sum of Power into Waveguide Absorber



- Initial HOM absorber module geometry (4 HOM Absorbers per cavity)
 - 1492.4 W of 1501.5 W is absorbed 99.7%
 - 10 tile pairs
 - Thickness range .200" to .75"

Higher Order Mode Absorber SBIR Phase II

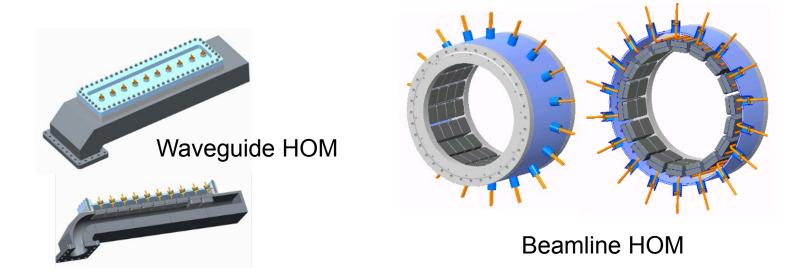
- Manufacture HOM Cores
 - Can be used for Waveguide or Beamline Absorber



Waveguide core

Beamline core

Manufacture Housing and Assemble Core and Housing



Initial Braze Step in Fabrication of Cores



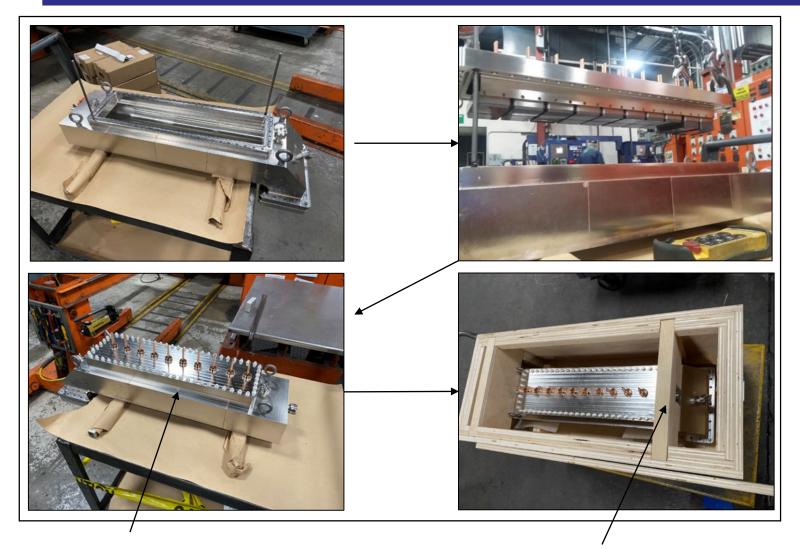
Backer/Cooling Tube Assemblies (without SiC tiles)



— SiC tiles

Backer-Tile Assemblies shown after joining

First Waveguide HOM Prototype



Lowering tile/backer flange assembly into housing

Bolt Flange assembly to housing

Inserting and restraining in crate

First Beamline HOM Prototype

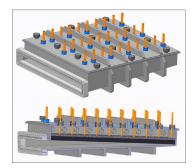


Higher Order Mode Absorber Phase IIA

- Low Power RF Tests
 - Waveguide Assembly S11 vs Frequency
 - Compare to Analysis
 - Evaluate RF Properties
- Power Absorption Tests at BNL
 - Tile/Backer Assembly
 - RF Power in
 - Measure Temperature
- Develop Low Weight Design
 - Decrease weight of Tile/Backer Assembly
 - Decrease Backer Thickness
 - Decrease weight of Housing
 - For Crab Cavity HOM Absorber
 - Minimize wall thickness meeting pressure vessel code







Phase IIA Waveguide HOM RF Sweep Test



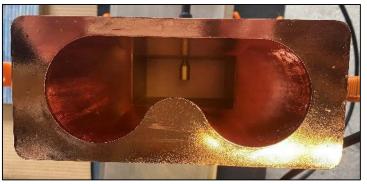


Test With Flush Dummy Insert





Test With HOM Load Assembly <

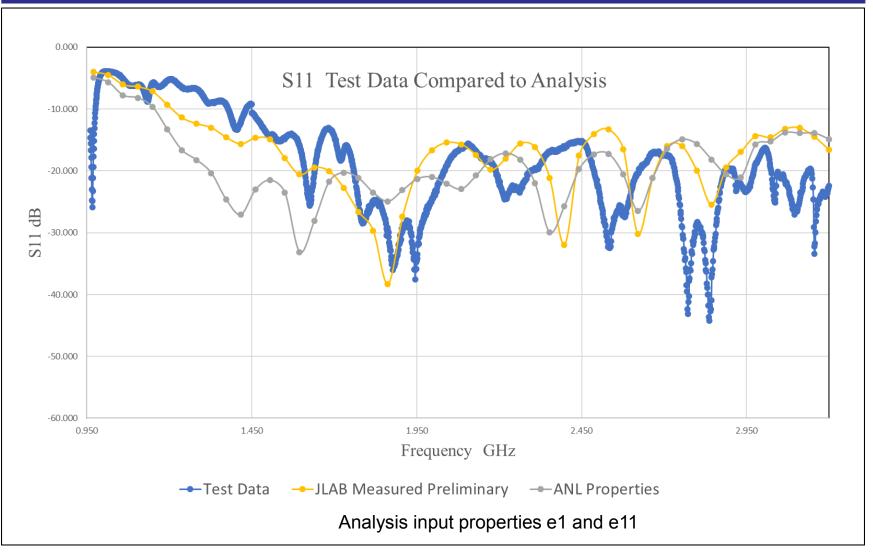


← Adapter-to-Transition Assembly

Through Measurement of Two Adapter/Transitions → (WR770 – WR510)



S11 Data – Properties Comparison



JLAB is evaluating RF Properties at Freq < 1 GHz

Phase IIA Power Absorption Tests at BNL

A Optris Xi 400 thermal camera replacement was installed. The entire stand was raised to make installation of test pieces easier.

Camera

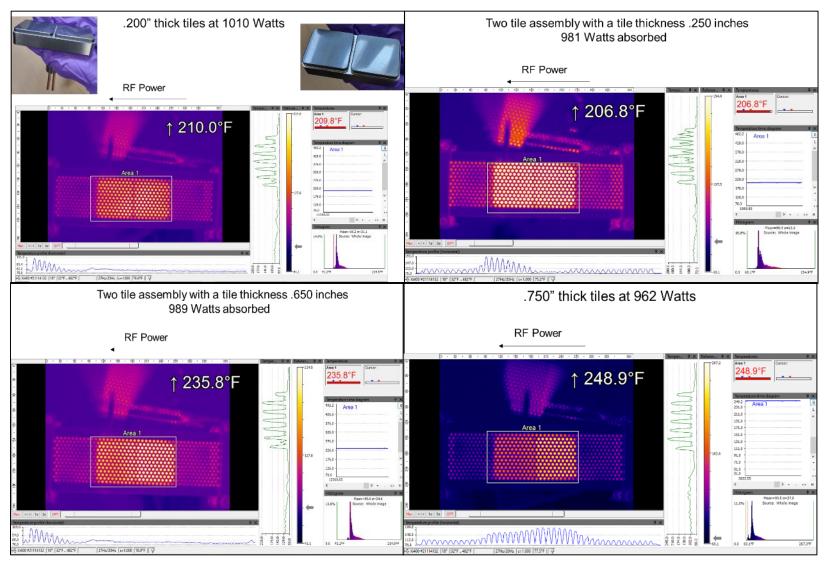
Test Piece

Chiller

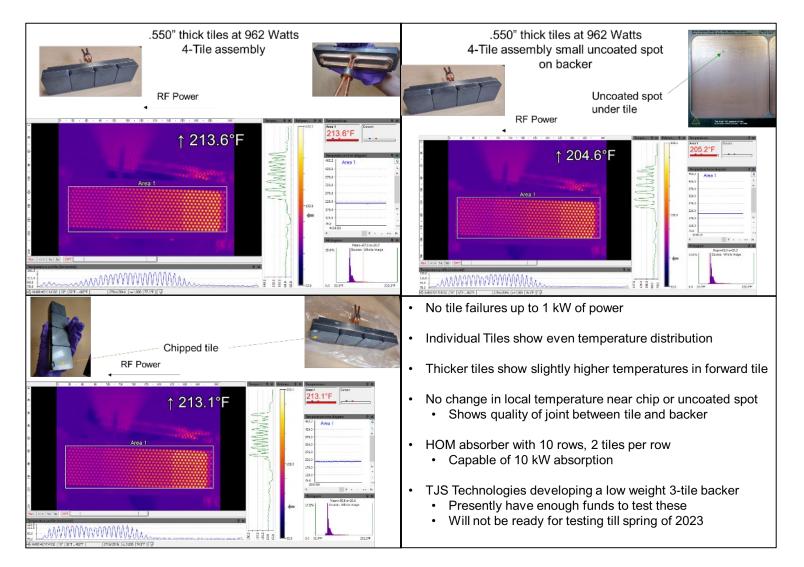


Tuners

Thermal Image 2-Tile



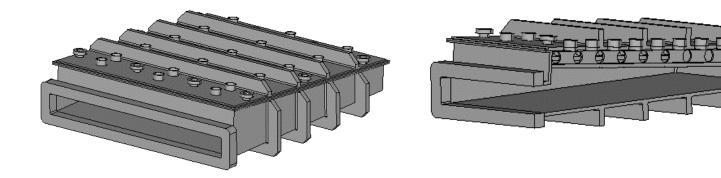
Thermal Image 4-Tile



Low Weight Design Tiles and Housing for Crab Cavity



- Minimize Housing Wall Thickness
 - Perform Pressure Vessel Code analysis
 - Crab Cavity HOM expected to be part of Hermetic string



SBIR Summary

- Fabricated waveguide and Beamline HOM Absorbers
- Evaluating HOM absorber for Crab Cavity
 - HOM freq to absorb > 300 MHz
 - JLAB Evaluating RF properties at Freq < 1 GHz
- Developed Lightweight Backer Design
- Using HOM core can develop many geometries to accomplish HOM absorption
- 2-Tile and 4-Tile cores absorb a minimum of 1 kW of energy each
- Present Crab Cavity Design will absorb minimum of 30 kW
 - Crab cavity is a 3-Tile per core design
 - To be tested at BNL
- Thank You
 - Michelle, BNL, JLAB, DOE