



# NP Isotope Program and Facilities and the SBIR Program

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Isotope Development and Production for Research and Application DOE Office of Nuclear Physics

# History

- Congress entrusted the U.S. Department of Energy with the authority and responsibility to produce stable and radioactive isotopes for medicine, science, and industrial applications (Atomic Energy Act, 1954).
- The isotope program was created in the late 1980s to consolidate isotope production activity in DOE
- In FY2009, the program was moved from Office of Nuclear Energy to the Office of Nuclear Physics in the Office of Science.
- Better alignment with production labs was achieved BNL, ORNL, PNNL are Office of Science labs.
- LANL (NNSA) and INL (NE) maintain participation in the program.
- Program was re-christened the *National Isotope Development and Production for Research and Applications Program*

# Mission of the DOE Isotope Program

- Produce and distribute radioactive and stable isotopes that are in short supply, associated byproducts, surplus materials and related isotope services.
- Maintain the infrastructure required to produce and supply isotope products and related services.
- Conduct R&D on new and improved isotope production and processing techniques which can make available new isotopes for research and applications.

### Present

- The program is managed from HQ
- Issues of substance will be conducted "Fed to Fed"
- A clear revision of its focus was adopted
  Workshop in August 2008, Fed Workshop January 2012
  NSAC subcommittee reports
- The National Isotope Development Center was established to coordinate business operations and production planning
- Peer review will be utilized
- Funds for STTR & SBIR are available

### National Isotope Development Center (NIDC)

- As part of the move, NIDC was set up. NIDC is a virtual center responsible for five activities:
  - Manage the Isotope Business Office at ORNL
  - Oversee production scheduling
  - Oversee shipping and distribution
  - Communications and Customer interactions
  - Identify QA/QC support



# **Isotope Production Planning**

Align production capability and demand:

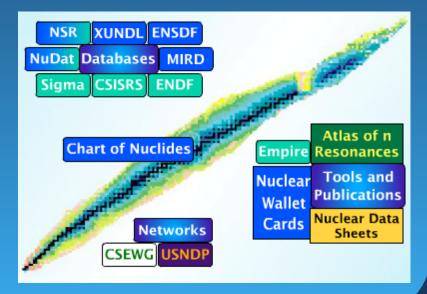
- Assess capabilities of sites (domestic and international)
- Review operating schedule vs. delivery dates
- Determine most cost effective option
- Work with customer to determine specifications for material
- Monitor operating schedule
- Revise any production plan if necessary

### **Engagement of Expert Resources**

### Examples:

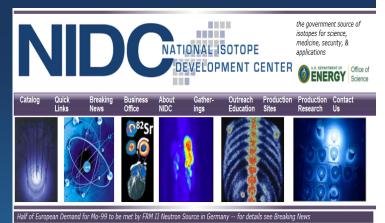
Identify experts to advise on issues related to QC and QA

- Calibration
- Assessing production
- Drug Manufacturing Files
- Good Manufacturing Practice
- ICH Q7A
- ISO 9000
- Audit existing activity
- Train sites for new work compliance



### Communications via NIDC

- Website has been updated
  - www.isotopes.gov
  - Searchable by isotope or element



- Linked to IBO to facilitate inquiry on price and schedule
- Archive of newsletters and other communications
- Re-established Newsletter
- Point of Contact for customers
- Staff booth at SNM, ACS and other meetings
- Act to inform both the stakeholders and DOE mgmt. on developments related to isotope use

### Shipping and Distribution

- Provide oversight for the entire program
- Monitor incoming shipments from external production sites
- Track location and movement of shipping containers
- Monitor shipments from production sites to customers
- Interact with freight companies, customs agents, and others to expedite material movement
- Work with shipping container suppliers for new designs
- Organized task group to provide guidance

### NSAC Research Isotopes Recommendations

Compelling Research Opportunities using Isotopes:

- Invest in new production approaches of alpha-emitting radionuclides, e.g. Ac-225, At-211.
- Invest in coordination of production capabilities and supporting research.
- Produce isotopes of the heavy elements, e.g. Cf, Ra, TRU.
- Focused study and R&D on new or increased production of He-3.
- Re-establish domestic production and supply of stable isotopes.
- Robust investment into education and training.

### Isotopes for the Nation's Future – A Long Range Plan NSAC Recommendations (1)

- Maintain a dialogue with all interested federal agencies and commercial isotope customers to forecast and match realistic isotope demand and achievable production capabilities.
- Coordinate production capabilities and supporting research to facilitate networking among existing DOE, commercial, and academic facilities.
- Support a sustained research program in the base budget to enhance the capabilities of the isotope program in the production and supply of isotopes generated from reactors, accelerators, and separators.
- Invest in workforce development in a multipronged approach, reaching out to students, post-doctoral fellows, and faculty through professional training, curriculum development, and meeting/workshop participation.

### Isotopes for the Nation's Future – A Long Range Plan NSAC Recommendations (2)

- Devise processes for the isotope program to better communicate with users, researchers, customers, students, and the public and to seek advice from experts:
- Encourage the use of isotopes for research through reliable availability at **affordable prices**.
- Increase the robustness and agility of **isotope transportation** both nationally and internationally.
- Construct and operate an electromagnetic isotope separator facility.
- Construct and operate a variable-energy, high-current, multi-particle accelerator and supporting facilities that have the primary mission of isotope production.

### Key Isotopes Produced and Distributed

#### Reactor Isotopes

Cf-252	Cancer therapy
Ni-63	Gas sensing devices
W-188	Re-188 for prevention of arterial restenosis, Bone pain from cancer
Se-75	GAMMA Radiography sources

#### Accelerator Isotopes

Ge-68	Calibration sources for PET equipment, antibody labeling
Na-22	A positron-emitter used in various applications
Sr-82	Rb-82 for Cardiac imaging

Isotope	Half Life	<i>Maximum Quantity Shipped in Type A</i>	Produced	Application
Cf-252	2.6 y, α	.02 Ci	Reactor	Neutron sources cancer therapy
Cd-109	32.2 y , γ	27 Ci	Both reactor accelerator	X-ray instrument calibration
Co-60	5.27 y , γ	10.8 Ci	Reactor	Sterilization
Sr-82	25-d, positron	5.41 Ci	Accelerator	Cardiac imaging
W-188	<b>69-d</b> , β/γ	5.41 Ci	Reactor	Cancer Treatment

### Reactor Sites: HFIR (ORNL) and ATR (INL)

### High Flux Isotope Reactor (HFIR) at ORNL:

- High neutron flux (≤3x10<sup>15</sup> n/cm<sup>2</sup> s)
- Multiple hydraulic tubes
- Several hot cell facilities
- Key Isotopes: Cf-252, W-188, Ni-63, Se-75





Advanced Test Reactor (ATR) at INL:

- Moderately high neutron flux (≤4x10<sup>14</sup> n/cm<sup>2</sup> s)
- Hydraulic tube installed in 2008
- Key Isotope: Co-60

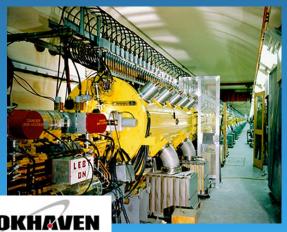


Idaho National Laboratory

# Accelerator Sites: BLIP (BNL) and IPF (LANL)

### Brookhaven Linac Isotope Producer (BLIP) at BNL:

- 200MeV proton beam
- Well-equipped hot cell facility
- Target insertion and retrieval
- Main isotopes: Ge-68, Sr-82
- R&D: Cu-67, Y-86



Isotope Production Facility (IPF) at LANL:

- 100 MeV proton beam
- Well-equipped hot cell facility
- Available 30-40 weeks per year
- Main isotopes: Ge-68, Sr-82



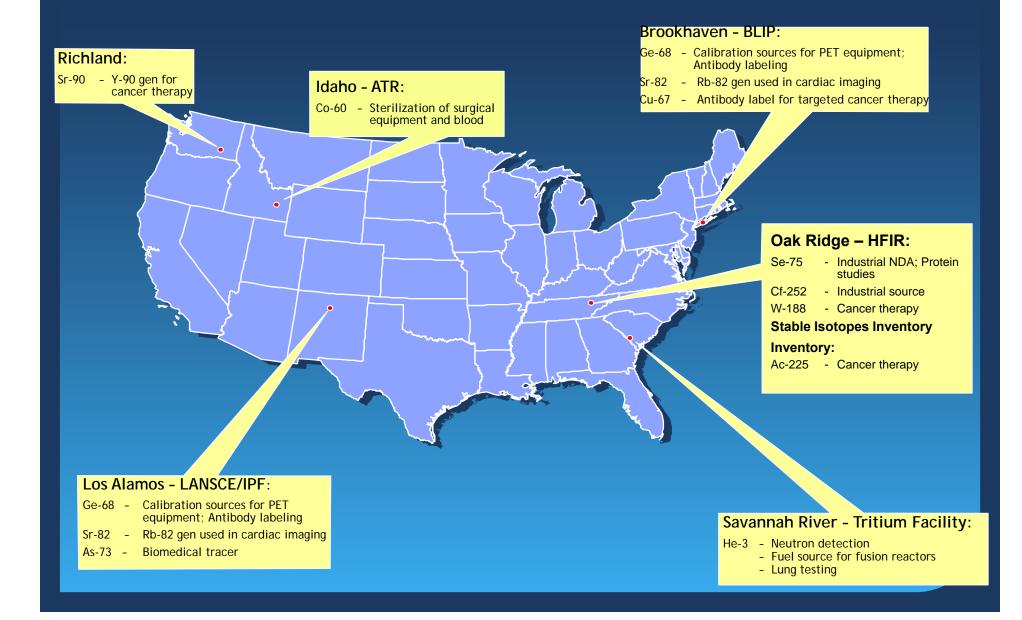
### Chemical and Materials Laboratory at ORNL

Laboratories at ORNL are available to provide unique services and dispense over 200 different isotopes in a wide variety of chemical and physical forms:

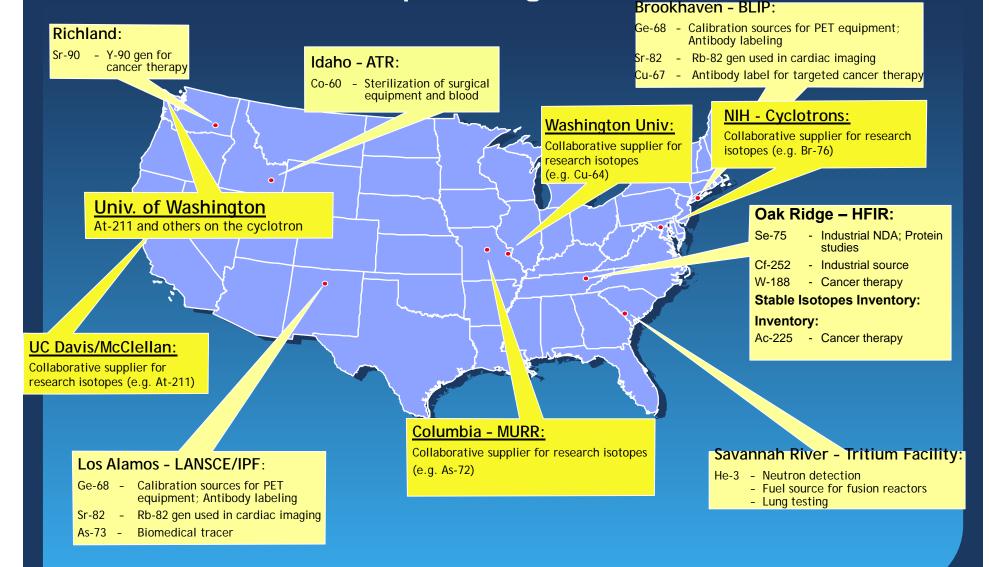
- Metallurgical, ceramic, and high vacuum processing methods
- Pyrochemical Conversion: oxide to high-purity metal
- Arcmelting and alloying Hot and cold rolling
- Preparation of cold-rolled foils from air-reactive metals
- Drop casting
- Wire rolling/swaging (hot or cold)
- Target fabrication



# Network of Domestic Production Sites



# Potential Production Sites to Integrate in the Isotope Program



### **Opportunities for Small Business (1)**

- The Isotope program has substantial interactions with industry as a supplier of stable enriched and radioactive isotopes
- Small business can provide support for the program in a variety of areas:
  - •Stable isotope enrichment
    - •Improved electromagnetic enrichment capability
    - •Improved centrifugal enrichment capability
    - •New technology for isotope enrichment
  - Accelerator production of radioisotopes
    - •New accelerator technology
      - •Cyclotron
      - •LINAC
      - Injector technology

### **Opportunities for Small Business (2)**

Small business could provide support for Radioisotope Production:

- Radioisotope production
  - New isotopes for industrial and other applications
    - Radiation and Power sources
    - In core neutron irradiations
  - •Targetry, e.g. fabrication, new materials
  - •Alternative neutron sources
  - •Novel target transport systems
  - Separation chemistry
    - Ion exchange materials
    - Automation

Radioisotope Generators

### **Opportunities for Small Business (3)**

Small business could provide support for :

- Software to support isotope production
  - Automation
  - Modeling and theory
  - Other applications
- Isotope Program
  - Shipping and distribution, e.g. containers
  - Business office operations
  - Public private partnerships

### **Contact Information**

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