Dr. Donald Geesaman  
Chair, DOE/NSF Nuclear Science Advisory Committee  
Argonne National Laboratory  
9800 South Cass Avenue  
Argonne, Illinois 60439  

Dear Dr. Geesaman:

This letter is to request that the DOE/NSF Nuclear Science Advisory Committee (NSAC) form a Subcommittee to provide guidance to the DOE and NSF regarding an effective strategy for implementing a possible second generation U.S. experiment on neutrino-less double beta decay (NLDBD) capable of reaching the sensitivity necessary to determine whether the nature of the neutrino is Majorana or Dirac. While the Office of Nuclear Physics is the Office of Science steward for NLDBD, this scientific question is of broad interest to both the Nuclear Science and High Energy Physics communities, and NSAC should solicit input from the High Energy Physics Advisory Panel (HEPAP) as well as the nuclear science community in formulating the membership of this Subcommittee.

As you may know, in 2005 the Neutrino Scientific Assessment Group (NuSAG) jointly established by NSAC and HEPAP provided recommendations for a phased program of sensitive searches for NLDBD. Specifically, it recommended that:

"...the highest priority for the first phase of a neutrino-less double beta decay program is to support research in two or more neutrino-less double beta decay experiments to explore the region of degenerate neutrino masses ($m_{\beta\beta} > 100$ meV). The knowledge gained and the technology developed in the first phase should then be used in a second phase to extend the exploration into the inverted hierarchy region of neutrino masses ($m_{\beta\beta} > 10-20$ meV) with a single experiment."

Consistent with this recommendation, a number of first-phase experiments exploring complementary approaches were undertaken with support from the DOE Nuclear Physics and High Energy Physics Offices and the NSF Particle Astrophysics Program. Early results from these experiments are or will be available in the foreseeable future.
The NSAC Subcommittee is requested, in the context of ongoing and planned U.S. efforts as well as international competitiveness, to assess:

- The scientific merit of pursuing a second-generation NLDBD experiment;
- The status of ongoing and planned first phase NLDBD experiments toward achieving their goals, including major remaining challenges;
- The science-driven down-select criteria for arriving at the most promising approach to a second generation experiment, including a sensitivity goal that, at a high level of confidence, based on present understanding, would be expected to answer the question of the Majorana vs. Dirac nature of neutrinos for the inverted mass hierarchy scenario when combined with the results from other experiments that aim at establishing the hierarchy and masses of the three known neutrino flavors.
- Status and expected progress in theoretical calculations that are needed to determine the sensitivity limits that can ultimately be reached in NLDBD experiments.

We expect that this panel will be a standing Subcommittee of NSAC, constituted for an initial period of two years and request that the Subcommittee submit its first report to the Office of Science and NSF by the end of April 2014. Subsequent reports to assess annual progress and the most promising candidate approaches capable of achieving necessary down select criteria should follow.

We are aware that this charge represents an additional burden on your time. However, the involvement of the research community is essential to inform the Agencies’ decisions regarding investments in this potentially transformative scientific endeavor.

Sincerely,

Patricia M. Dehmer  
Acting Director  
Office of Science

F. Fleming Crim  
Assistant Director  
Directorate for Mathematical and Physical Sciences

cc: Professor Andrew Lankford  
Chair, DOE/NSF HEPAP