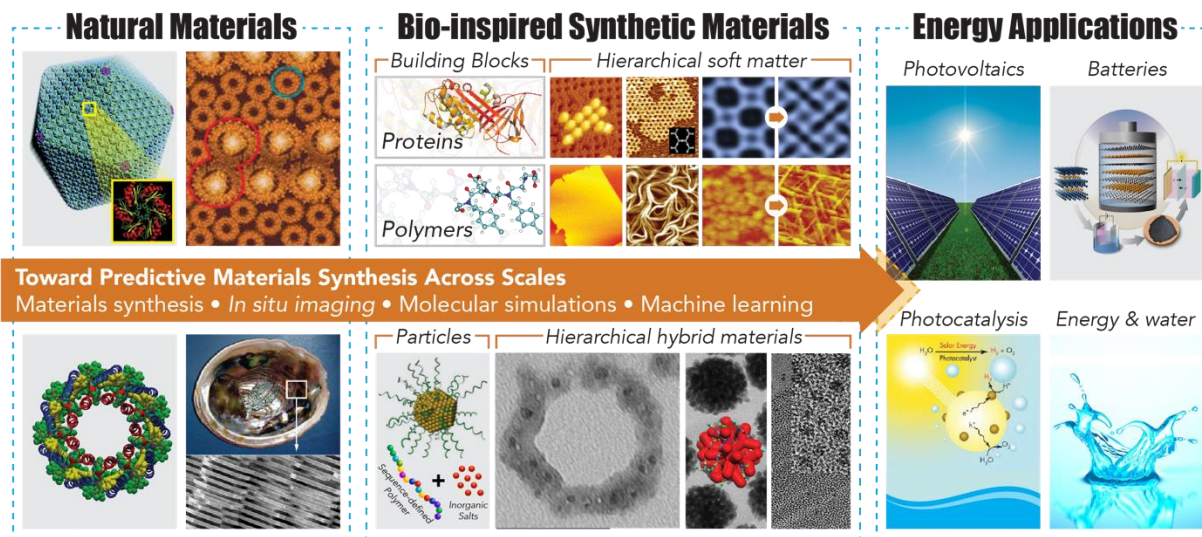


**The Center for the Science of Synthesis Across Scales (CSSAS)**  
**EFRC Director: François Baneyx**  
**Lead Institution: University of Washington**  
**Class: 2018 – 2022**

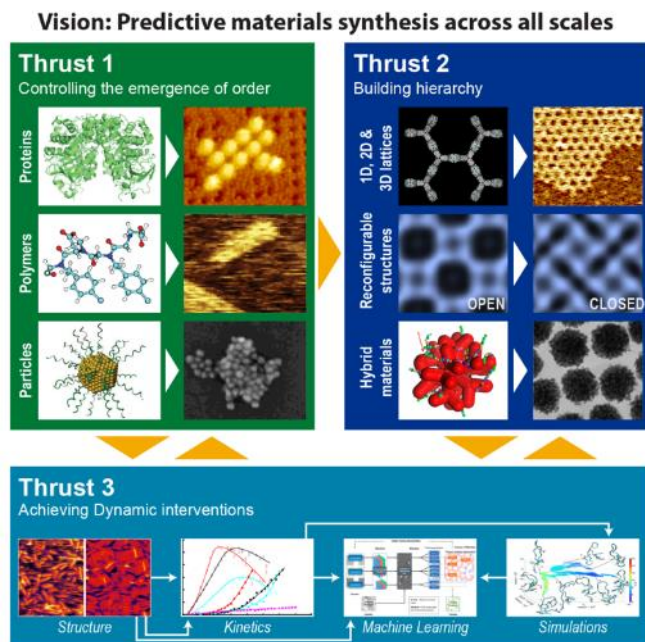
**Mission Statement:** *To harness the complex functionality of hierarchical materials by mastering the design of high-information-content macromolecular building blocks that predictively self-assemble into responsive, reconfigurable, self-healing materials, and direct the formation and organization of inorganic components.*



Hierarchical materials offer game-changing opportunities for energy technologies because they enable complex interconnected functions ranging from control of charge and mass transport, to dissipative response to external stimuli and the precise localization of sequential and parallel reactions. Nowhere is this more evident than in nature where hierarchical materials perform the stunning range of functions that has made life possible. While there have been many success stories in the quest to synthesize biomimetic and bioinspired materials with outstanding structure and function, efforts have not scratched the surface of what is possible because they have been driven by intuition and serendipity rather than by a deep predictive understanding of the fundamental rules underpinning hierarchical materials synthesis. We have created CSSAS to realize a shared vision: mastering the design of high-information-content macromolecular building blocks that predictively self-assemble into hierarchical materials. Currently, four major knowledge gaps stand between us and that vision:

1. We have little knowledge of how sequence and chemistry translate into molecular interactions and assembly dynamics from which order emerges.
2. We cannot yet connect atomistic descriptions of intermolecular interactions with coarse grained models of building blocks to bridge the time and length scales required for predicting assembly.
3. We do not know how the interplay of intermolecular interactions, solvent and electrolytes, disparate building blocks, and dynamic processing conditions, controls energy landscapes across which hierarchy develops.
4. We do not know how to predict metastable states on the pathway to the final ordered state, or how to encode a balance of forces that will, by design, create multi-well potentials for out-of-equilibrium switching in response to external stimuli.

With a highly synergistic team of internationally recognized thought-leaders from the University of Washington (lead institution), Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, the University of Chicago, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, and the University of California San Diego, CSSAS will fill these knowledge gaps by tackling three scientific goals:



1. To predict how the chemical and/or sequence information of inorganic, polymer and protein building blocks translates into the emergence of order and the outcomes of assembly.
2. To master the free energy landscapes of disparate building blocks in complex environments and at surfaces to control their assembly into (functional and reconfigurable) hierarchical units, as well as the morphogenesis and organization of inorganic components.
3. To integrate the tools of data science with in situ characterization, and simulations to achieve adaptive control of synthetic outcomes and access metastable states of matter.

Our hypothesis-driven research plan tackles the first goal by creating a set of systematically variable building blocks that span the scale of complexity – from large proteins to atomically-precise inorganic clusters – and by combining *in situ* observations with a hierarchy of simulation techniques that describe interactions and predict how order emerges. Our plan accomplishes the second goal by exploring the frontier of integration and hierarchical assembly of building blocks, while extending observations and simulations to length and timescales where hierarchy comes into full bloom. Finally, our plan addresses the third goal by exploiting the richness of *in situ* data and the predictive capacity of molecularly-informed coarse graining to harness the power of data-driven machine learning, where the full potential of real-time datasets is enlisted through data analytics. In doing so CSAAS will bridge the key knowledge gaps in the field biomolecular materials and create a lasting scientific foundation that advances BES's priority research directions, grand challenges and transformative opportunities.

<b>The Center for the Science of Synthesis Across Scales (CSSAS)</b>	
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