Center for Nanoscale Materials (CNM) at Argonne







~300 peer-reviewed publications per year, 55% IF>7 (FY22)

Yearly recap and renewal of instrumentation: ~\$2.5M MIE Recap: ~\$12M

Ilke Arslan, CNM Director

Leverage Argonne's DOE User Facilities:

- APS-U (\$800M project, ~100X brilliance in one year first light in April 2024, entirely new experiments will be possible at CNM Beamline
- Aurora: \$500M exascale computer, a greater diversity of workloads, including machine learning and data-intensive tasks, in addition to traditional simulation and modeling campaigns.













CNM Scientific Impact

Discovery of Borophene and Borophane



- First experimental growth and measurement of previously theoretically predicted properties of borophene, with an international team led by the CNM.
- Theoretical modeling on borophane done at CNM, in collaboration with our users at Northwestern.

Science **350**, 1513 (2015); *Science* **371**, 1143 (2021)



Selective photocatalytic reduction of CO₂ into methanol fuel



- Single-nanoparticle multimodal *operando* and photoactivated measurements of same exact particle with same holder across TEM and Hard X-ray Nanoprobe used to identify the facet-specific sites in Cu_2O catalyst capable of selectively reducing CO_2 .
- An internal quantum yield of 70% was determined for the photocatalytic conversion of CO₂ to liquid fuel methanol.

A New Qubit Platform



- New qubit platform: Electrons from a heated light filament (top) land on solid neon (red block), where a single electron (represented as a wave function in blue) is trapped and manipulated by a superconducting quantum circuit (bottom patterned chip).
- Relaxation times of 15 µs and phase coherence time over 200 ns were measured in this paper, with subsequent measurements of considerably longer relaxation and coherence times.
- This new qubit platform could transform QIS&T by simultaneously embodying long coherence, fast operation, and large scalability.

Synergy with User Facilities: Digital Twin for Spatiotemporal Experiments



- AI solutions to the inverse problem, i.e., information extraction from time-resolved experiments
- AI/ML Guided multi-fidelity bridging for physically accurate & efficient dynamical simulations
- Shared workflows for seamless information exchange between models and experiments



Collaboration Across Scientific User Facilities: CNM, CNMS, MF, CFN, CINT, APS, ALS, SLAC



Strengths and Initiatives for CNM User Community





Strengths of our User Community:

- Training the next generation of STEM Scientists and Engineers
 - Exemplary Student Research Program (high school students)
 - DOE SCGSR Students (graduate students)
 - DOE SULI Students (undergraduate students)
 - GEM Fellowship students, promoting graduate education for minorities.
- Good balance of remote users with 60 different tools and 75 associated computers remotely accessible for tool operation and data analysis in FY22
- Strong engagement with other DOE initiatives: JCESR, Q-NEXT, EFRCs, CMB-S4

Current and Future Initiatives:

- Grow users from underrepresented groups, MSIs by giving talks at specific universities, joining MSI specific professional groups, information on how to summit a successful proposal
- Target outreach to MSIs Outreach engagement to promote future scientists and nanoscience with local community (Conferences for Undergraduate Women in Physics (CUWiP) and Science Careers in Search of Women, Nanoscience 101)
- Forming partnerships for RENEW, FAIR, Energy Earthshots, BRaVE, etc.
- Industry Collaboration Committee (ICC) formed to increase industry users
 - Reach out to targeted regional, national and international industry community with capabilities and expertise that are suitable for industry
 - Inviting speakers to CNM colloquium from start-ups and reputed industries
 - Based on feedback from Industry/UEC, propose tools to acquire at CNM that are requested by industry

Future Scientific Opportunities



All themes utilize expertise in synthesis, fabrication, characterization and theory

