LCLS-II, LCLS-II-HE

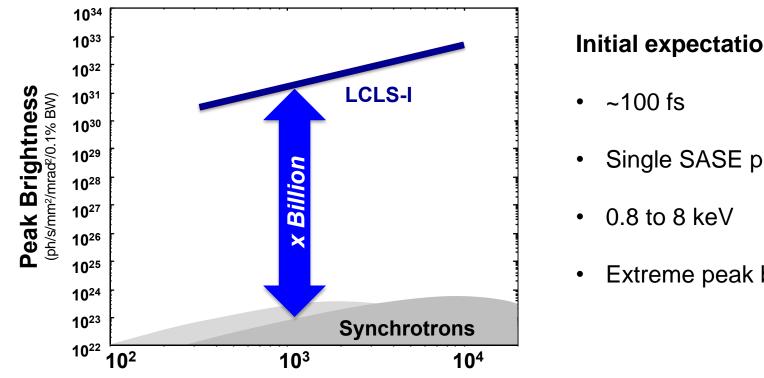
Mike Dunne Director, LCLS

BESAC, July 2018





The performance of LCLS was designed to be a true game-changer



Photon Energy (eV)

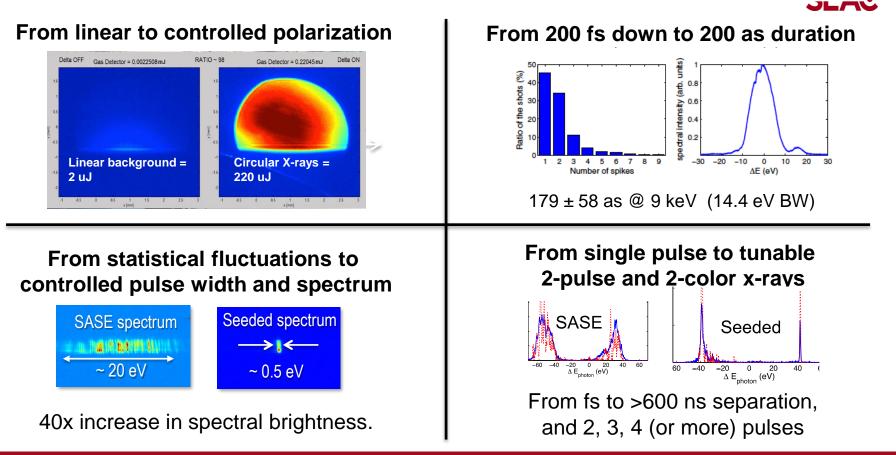
Initial expectations:

Single SASE pulse

Extreme peak brightness

LCLS was a technical and scientific leap into the 'unknown'

The ability to tailor LCLS has far exceeded expectations, with major steps in capability year-on-year



The scientific reach of LCLS has been dramatically extended

LCLS has opened new research opportunities to tackle grand challenge problems in multiple disciplines

Collective dynamics in complex materials

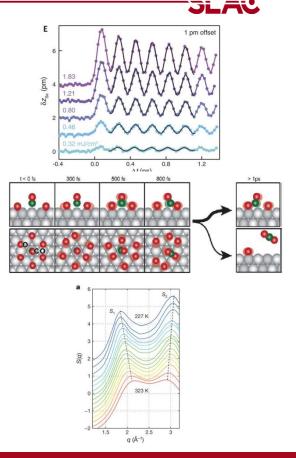
- Direct measurements of electron-phonon coupling (FeSe)
- Field-induced 2D to 3D charge density wave order (YBCO)
- Observation of purely relaxational diffusive dynamics (LBCO)

Real-time tracking of chemical bond formation

- Transient catalytic states in CO oxidation on metal surface
- Room temperature, damage free PS-II transient states
- Observing ionization and decay pathways (DNA repair)

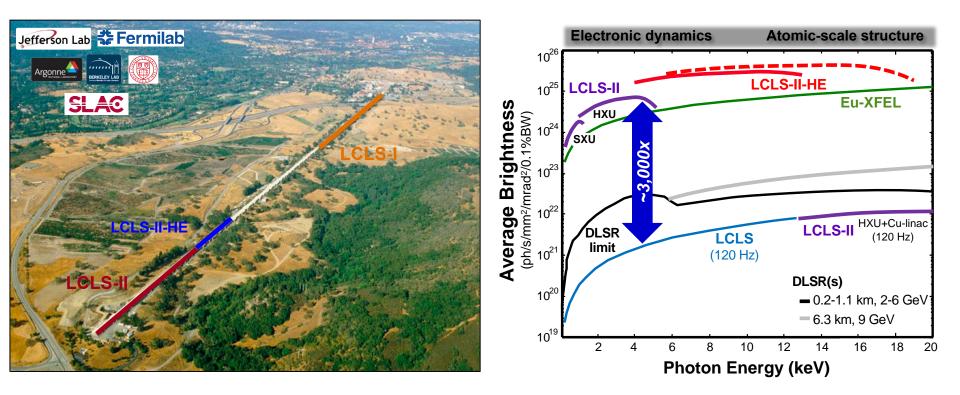
Molecular dynamics in soft matter and biology

- Water structure below the ice nucleation temperature
- Ultrafast functional motions tracked in CO-myoglobin
- Structures of ligand-triggered riboswitch RNA reaction states



Pioneering results from LCLS have highlighted the key areas where coherence, fs time-resolution, and high power can have a revolutionary impact

LCLS-II and LCLS-II-HE will take us from 120 pulses per second to <u>1 million</u> pulses per second



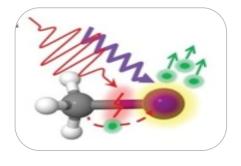
LCLS-IICurrently 70% complete.Users online in 2021LCLS-II-HECD-1 review in June 2018.Targeting mid-decade users

SLAC

LCLS-II will transform our understanding of dynamics in real-world materials and chemical science systems

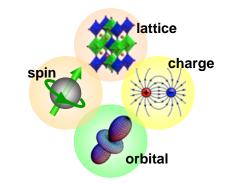
Charge dynamics on fundamental timescales

- Reveal coupled electronic and nuclear motion in molecules
- Capture the initiating events of charge transfer chemistry with sub-fs resolution



Emergent phenomena in quantum materials

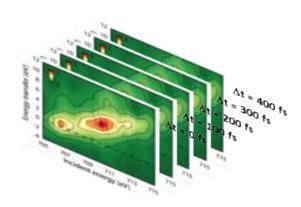
- Connect spontaneous fluctuations, dynamics and heterogeneities on multiple length- and time- scales to bulk material properties
- Study interacting degrees of freedom (e.g. unconventional superconductors)



Molecular dynamics with exquisite resolution

SLAC

- Measure element-specific, local chemical structure and bonding
- Study efficient, robust, selective photo-catalysts



The leap from 120 Hz to up to 1 MHz will be transformative

LCLS-II-HE will enable structural dynamics at the atomic scale – a key aspect of the BESAC Transformative Opportunities

Heterogeneity & complexity in ground & excited states

- Correlate catalytic reactivity and structure
- Real-time evolution with chemical specificity and atomic resolution

CXI of heterogeneous

nanoparticles in situ

Möller et al., lature Comm. (2014

Dynamics of biomolecules & molecular machines

- Study large scale conformational changes via solution scattering
- Physiological conditions

Conformational (PE) landscape

hν

~*k*T

e-

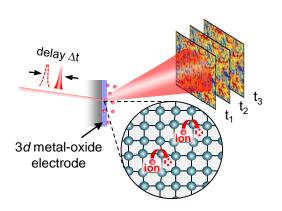
Dynamics ties structure to function

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site

Ground State <u>Fluctuations</u> & spontaneous evolution

- Characterize statistically dynamic systems without long-range order
- Inform directed design of energy conversion and storage materials



LCLS-II-HE provides the ability to study non-equilibrium phenomena and move beyond idealized materials and systems

The X-ray laser revolution is set to drive a new era of Grand Challenge discovery science

REVIEWS of

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From early scientific impact,

... to unprecedented measurements,

... to accessing critical new regimes,

... to full exploitation and exploration of new frontiers



ttosecond X-ray analysis

Basic Energy Sciences Roundtable Opportunities for Basic Research at the Frontiers of XFEL Ultrafast Science

