

DOE's Proposed Response to "Increasing Access to the Results of Federally Funded Scientific Research"

Basic Energy Sciences Advisory Committee 28 February, 2014

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OSTP Memo

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20502

February 22, 2013

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

John P. Holdren FROM:

SUBJECT: Increasing Access to the Results of Federally Funded Scientific Research

1. **Policy Principles**

The Administration is committed to ensuring that, to the greatest extent and with the fewest constraints possible and consistent with law and the objectives set out below, the direct results of federally funded scientific research are made available to and useful for the public, industry, and the scientific community. Such results include peer-reviewed publications and digital data.

Scientific research supported by the Federal Government catalyzes innovative breakthroughs that drive our economy. The results of that research become the grist for new insights and are assets for progress in areas such as health, energy, the environment, agriculture, and national security.

DOE Proposed Response

Data

SC Statement on Digital Data Management

Publication

Public Access Gateway for Energy Sciences (PAGES)

DOE Draft "Public Access Plan" has been submitted to OSTP

Principles

- Effective data management has the potential to increase the pace of scientific discovery and promote more efficient and effective use of government funding and resources. Data management planning should be an integral part of research planning.
- Sharing and preserving data are central to protecting the integrity of science by facilitating validation of results and to advancing science by broadening the value of research data to disciplines other than the originating one and to society at large.
- Not all data need to be shared or preserved. The costs and benefits of doing so should be considered in data management planning.

Requirements (1 of 3)

• To integrate data management planning into the overall research plan, <u>all</u> <u>proposals submitted to the Office of Science for research funding are required to include a Data Management Plan (DMP)</u> that describes how data generated through the course of the proposed research will be shared and preserved or explains why data sharing and/or preservation are not possible or scientifically appropriate. At a minimum, DMPs must describe how data sharing and preservation will enable validation of results, or how results could be validated if data are not shared or preserved.

DMPs will be reviewed as part of the overall Office of Science research proposal merit review process.



Requirements (2 of 3)

• <u>DMPs must provide a plan for making all research data displayed in publications resulting from the proposed research digitally accessible at the time of publication</u>. This includes data that are displayed in charts, figures, images, etc. This requirement could be met by including the data as supplementary information to the published article, or through other means. The published article should indicate how these data can be accessed.



Requirements (3 of 3)

• In determining the resources needed for data management, researchers that plan to work at an Office of Science User Facility as part of the proposed research should consult the published data policy of that facility and reference it in the DMP. DMPs that explicitly or implicitly commit data management resources at a facility beyond what is conventionally made available to approved users should be accompanied by written approval from that facility.



Definitions

Digital Research Data:

The term *digital data* encompasses a wide variety of information stored in digital form including: experimental, observational, and simulation data; codes, software and algorithms; text; numeric information; images; video; audio; and associated metadata. It also encompasses information in a variety of different forms including raw, processed, and analyzed data, published and archived data.

This statement focuses on *digital research data*, which are *research data* that can be stored digitally and accessed electronically. OMB Circular A110 defines *research data* as follows:

"Research data is defined as the recorded factual material commonly accepted in the scientific community as necessary to validate research findings, but not any of the following: preliminary analyses, drafts of scientific papers, plans for future research, peer reviews, or communications with colleagues. This 'recorded' material excludes physical objects (e.g., laboratory samples). Research data also do not include:

- (A) Trade secrets, commercial information, materials necessary to be held confidential by a researcher until they are published, or similar information which is protected under law; and
- (B) Personnel and medical information and similar information the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, such as information that could be used to identify a particular person in a research study."



- Requirements will apply to all proposals for research funding regardless of institution but <u>NOT</u> to applications for time on user facilities
- Requirements will apply to proposals submitted in response to all Office of Science research solicitations and invitations for new, renewal, and some supplemental funding issued on or after DATE TBD

OSTP Memo of Feb, 2013: Increasing Access to the Results of Federally Funded Scientific Research

"Objectives for Public Access to Scientific Publications

"To the extent feasible and consistent with law; agency mission; resource constraints; U.S. national, homeland, and economic security... the results of unclassified research that are published in peer-reviewed publications directly arising from Federal funding should be stored for long-term preservation and publicly accessible to search, retrieve, and analyze in ways that maximize the impact and accountability of the Federal research investment."



DOE's Draft Public Access Plan

The Department proposes a model for ensuring public access to scholarly publications resulting from DOE funding that provides the public with access to the **best available version** of the article **within 12 months from publication**.

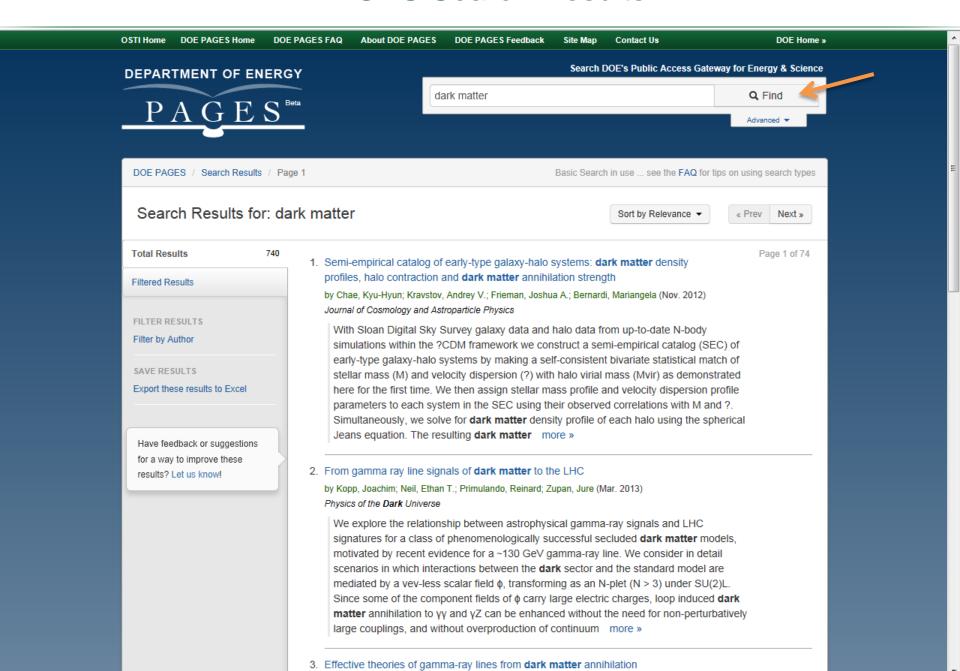
Best available version:

- 1. Version of Record (VoR) published and hosted by the publisher
- Accepted manuscript hosted by the publisher, a third party repository (e.g. Lab, arXiv, institutional repository), or by DOE Office of Scientific and Technical Information (OSTI).

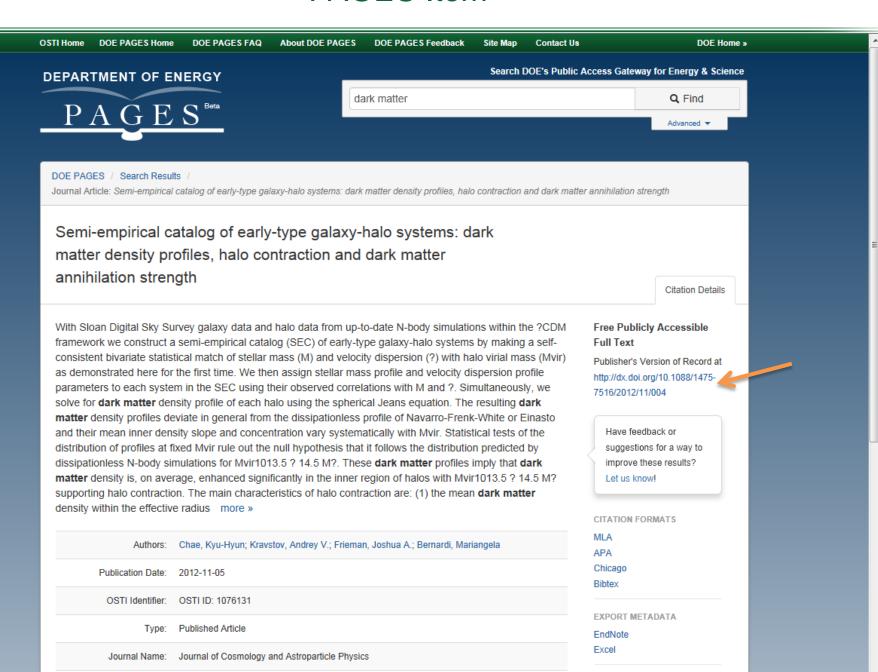
Public Access Gateway for Energy and Science (PAGES)

- The Department proposes to host a public-facing <u>portal and search interface</u> tool to enhance discoverability, <u>PAGES</u>.
 - For DOE funded publications, PAGES will provide metadata, abstracts, and links to best available version.
 - OSTI will maintain a dark archive of <u>all</u> accepted manuscripts, providing access only to those that are not publically available elsewhere 12 months after publication.
- There will be new requirements for researchers to submit metadata and accepted manuscripts to OSTI.
- PAGES is developed and maintained by OSTI for DOE.
- PAGES exists but is not yet publically accessible.

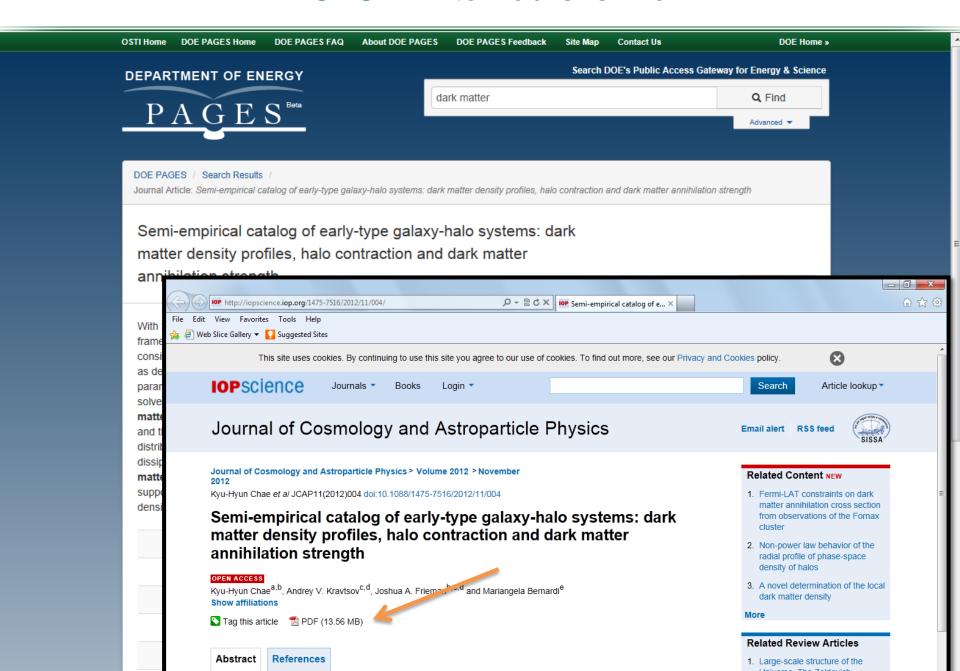
PAGES Search Results



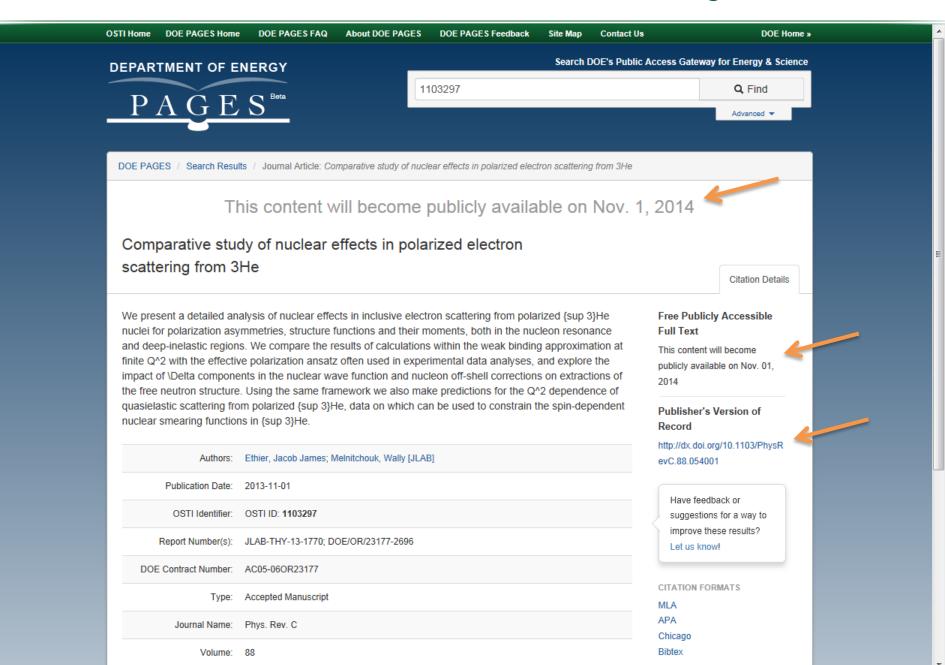
PAGES Item



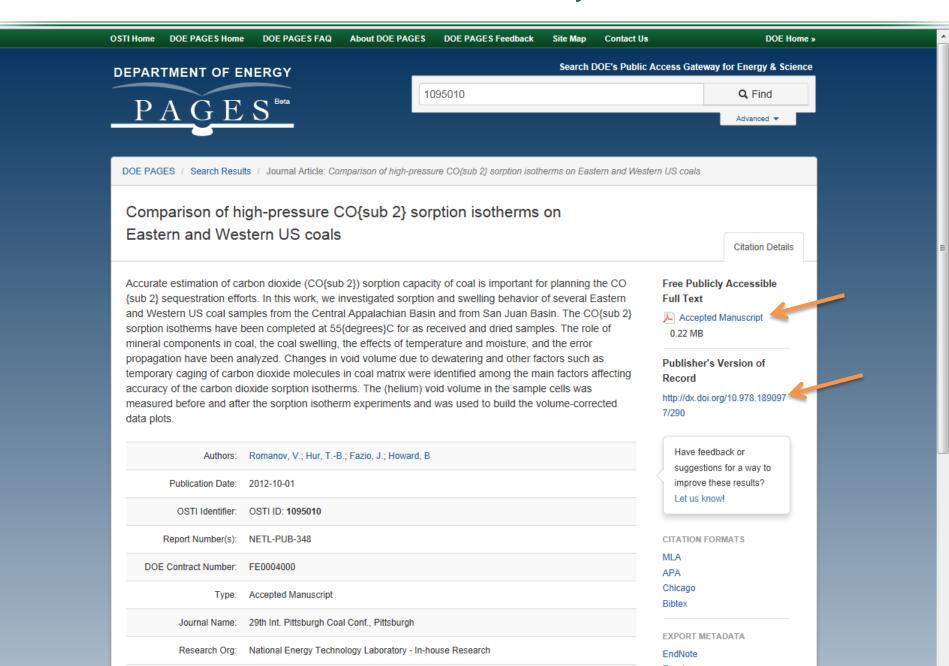
PAGES Link to Publisher VoR



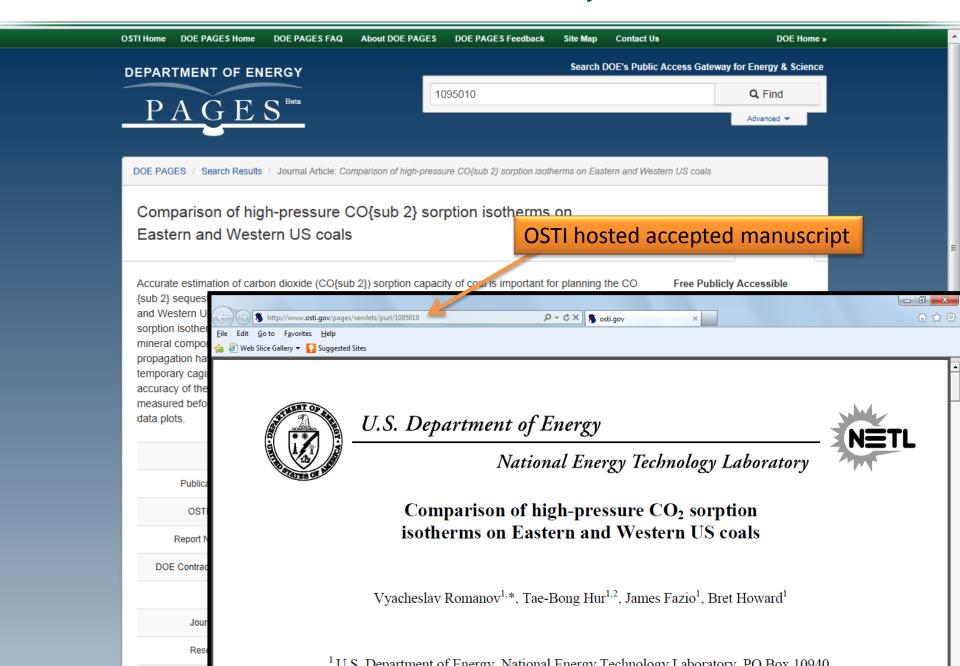
PAGES Item within 12 Month Embargo



PAGES Item hosted by OSTI



PAGES Item hosted by OSTI



CHORUS: Clearing House for Open Research of the U.S.*

- ~90 publishers are signatories to CHORUS, potentially covering ~90% of DOE peer-reviewed publications
- Progress to date: CHORUS is evolving; 7 publishers active in CHORUS pilot project, which contains ~4k journal records.
 - All publications in CHORUS will be available through PAGES
- Participating publishers agree to make articles resulting from federal funds publically available "after the determined embargo for each discipline and agency"
- CHORUS project provides freely consumable metadata for these articles, including seamless link to publisher VoR for tools like PAGES
- Articles resulting from federal funding are identified by additional FundRe metadata fields.

 - OSTI is a member of FundRef



FundRef*

- Agreement by publishers to include two additional metadata fields for published articles
 - funding organization
 - 2. grant/contract number (or equivalent)
- Authors are responsible for providing metadata to publishers at the time they submit article for consideration
- Articles from participating publishers that are tagged as having federal funding sources will be made available through CHORUS

^{*} http://search.crossref.org/fundref

