

DOE Office of Science

Update and FY 2018 Budget Request to Congress

Presented to the

Advanced Scientific Computing Advisory Committee

by

Steve Binkley Deputy Director for Programs

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September 27, 2017

Office of Science By the numbers



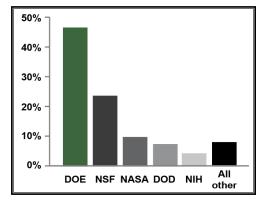
Shown is a portion of SLAC's two-mile-long linear accelerator (or linac), which provides the electron beam for the new Linac Coherent Light Source (LCLS) – the world's first hard x-ray, free-electron laser. For nearly 50 years, SLAC's linac had produced high-energy electrons for physics experiments. Now researchers use the very intense X-ray pulses (more than a billion times brighter than the most powerful existing sources) much like a high-speed camera to take stop-motion pictures of atoms and molecules in motion, examining fundamental processes on femtosecond timescales.



SC delivers scientific discoveries and tools to transform our understanding of nature and advance the energy, economic, and national security of the U.S.

Research

- Provides about half of the U.S. Federal support for basic research in the physical sciences;
- Supports about 19,000 Ph.D. scientists, graduate students, engineers, and support staff at over 300 institutions and 10 DOE national laboratories;
- Maintains U.S. and world leadership in high-performance computing and computational sciences;
- Continues to be the major U.S. supporter of physics, chemistry, materials sciences, and biology for discovery and for energy sciences.



Support for basic research in the physical sciences by agency.

Source: NSF Science and Engineering Indicators 2012

Scientific User Facilities

 SC maintains the world's largest collection of scientific user facilities (aka research infrastructure) operated by a single organization in the world, used by more than 27,000 researchers each year. ASCAC September 27, 2017 2

Outline

- Message from DOE leadership
- Appointee status
- FY 2018 budget update



Message from Secretary Perry

- The FY18 budget request attempts to refocus and refine our mission on several critical fronts that directly affect the safety and security of the American public.
- The \$28 billion FY 2018 budget advances the DOE mission in key areas through significant investments to:
 - Modernize the country's nuclear weapons arsenal
 - Achieve exascale computing
 - Advance the Nation's nuclear waste management program
 - Protect our national electric grid from cyberattacks
 - Shift the Department's focus to early-stage research and development at our national laboratories to more efficiently and cost effectively advance American dominance in scientific and energy research





Message from the DOE Office of Science

- Our job is to deliver the best science we can with the resources we are given by the President and Congress
- There will be some challenges for FY 2018, and we are awaiting final passage of the House-Senate conference
- Once the final appropriation is passed, we will be working out the FY 2018 execution details
- In the meantime, we need to remain clear about our priorities:
 - Deliver the best science we can with the resources we have when Congress votes and the President finally signs an FY 2018 budget
 - Continue tradition of excellence in SC-funded university-based research, lab-based research, and operations of scientifice facilities



Appointee Status

Deputy Secretary of Energy Nominee Dan Brouillette

- Nomination announced April 3, 2017
- Senate Hearing May 25, 2017
- Senate Confirmation on August 3, 2017
- Sworn in as Deputy Secretary, August 7, 2017

Under Secretary for Science Nominee Paul Dabbar

- Nomination announced July 12, 2017
- Senate Hearing July 20, 2016
- Senate Confirmation TBD





Under Secretary for Science Nominee Paul Dabbar

Paul Dabbar is Managing Director in the Global Mergers & Acquisitions Group, and Head of Energy Mergers & Acquisitions at J.P.Morgan, the investment banking division of JPMorgan Chase & Co. He has also led a number of M&A transactions for JPMorgan Chase. He has been financial advisor on over \$300 billion in M&A transactions, including corporate mergers, subsidiary sales and purchases, government privatizations, joint ventures, corporate restructurings, private equity transactions, and unsolicited corporate transactions for companies in the energy sector, including nuclear, as well as in the industrials and financial institutions sectors.

Mr. Dabbar is a member of the Board of the U.S. Department of Energy Environmental Management Advisory Board, and is chairman of his U.S. Naval Academy class fundraising board.

Prior to J.P.Morgan, Mr. Dabbar was a nuclear submarine officer, serving on board the U.S.S. Pintado (SSN-672) out of Mare Island, CA, and Pearl Harbor, HI, where he completed deployments to places including the North Pole and South America. He also worked at the Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Laboratory conducting U.S. Department of Defense research.

Mr. Dabbar has a B.S. with merit in marine engineering from the U.S. Naval Academy (Class of '89) and a M.B.A. from Columbia University. He also completed the U.S. Naval nuclear program's Engineer's School.





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FY 2018 PRESIDENT'S BUDGET REQUEST ment and Budger

Priorities for FY 2018

- Focus on cutting edge, early stage research and development; achieve 40% funding for research
 - The Office of Science (SC) is the largest Federal supporter of basic research in the physical sciences in the United States. SC supports research at the frontiers of science—discovering nature's mysteries, from the study of subatomic particles, atoms, and molecules that are the building blocks of the materials of our everyday world, to the DNA, proteins, and cells that are the building blocks of entire biological systems.
 - SC also supports science for energy—advancing a clean energy agenda through fundamental research on energy production, conversion, storage, transmission, and use, and through advancing our understanding of the earth.

Continue operations of the national laboratories

- SC oversees the operation of ten DOE national laboratories. SC conducts a formal laboratory strategic planning
 process annually with its labs to understand future directions, immediate and long-range challenges, and resource
 needs. SC also conducts an annual evaluation of the scientific, technological, managerial, and operational
 performance of the management and operating contractors of its laboratories. In addition, SC funds mission-ready
 infrastructure and investments that foster safe and environmentally responsible operations at the labs.
- Increase funding for Exascale Computing
- Maintain all on-going projects and start two new construction projects
 - 2 New Construction Projects:
 - Advanced Photon Source Upgrade (APS-U) at Argonne National Laboratory (ANL) in Basic Energy Sciences and
 - Energy Sciences Capability at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) in Science Laboratories Infrastructure.





FY 2018 SC Budget Request

	FY 2017	FY 2018		
	Enacted Approp.	President's Request	House Mark	Senate Mark
ASCR	647,000	722,010	694,200	763,000
BES	1,871,500	1,554,500	1,871,500	1,980,300
BER	612,000	348,950	582,000	633,000
FES	380,000	309,940	395,000	232,000
НЕР	825,000	672,700	825,000	860,000
NP	622,000	502,700	619,200	639,200
WDTS	19,500	14,000	19,500	19,500
SLI	130,000	76,200	105,600	143,000
S&S	103,000	103,000	103,000	103,000
PD	182,000	168,516	177,000	177,000
Subtotal, Science	5,392,000	4,472,516	5,392,000	5,550,000
Rescission of PY Bal	-1,028 ^a			
Total, Science	5,390,972	4,472,516	5,392,000	5,550,000

^a Rescission of PY funds in the amount -\$239 for PY 2012 and older: -\$239 for FY 2013 and -\$550 for FY 2014 - FY 2016.



In Conclusion ...

• In the immediate future:

- Keep producing great science!
- Continue tradition of excellence in SC-supported research and operations of our scientific facilities

• In the coming weeks and months:

- Congress is deliberating its appropriations decisions
- We must be ready to execute when the new fiscal year starts on October 1, 2017



Questions?



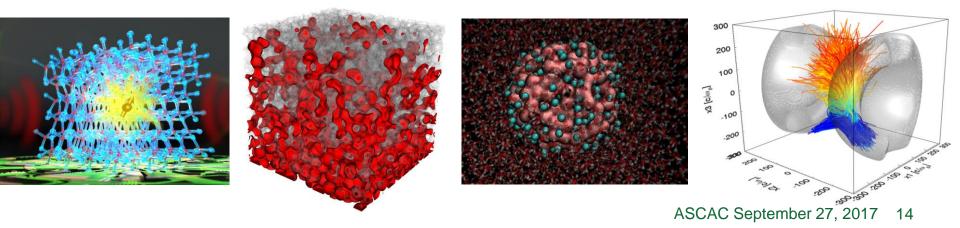
Program Summaries



Advanced Scientific Computing Research

Computational and networking capabilities to extend the frontiers of science and technology

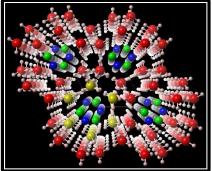
- Exascale Computing Initiative (ECI) and Exascale Computing Project (ECP). The ECP is initiated as a joint ASCR/NNSA partnership using DOE's formal project management processes. A new budget line was created for the SC-ECP in FY 2017.
- Facilities operate optimally and with >90% availability; deployment of 200 petaflop upgrade at OLCF and site preparations for exascale machines and NERSC-9 and upgrade of ESnet.
- SciDAC partnerships were recompeted in FY 2017 with new institutes and partnerships that span basic science priorities.
- Applied Mathematics research addresses challenges of increasing complexity and Computer Science research and Research and Evaluation Partnerships explores technologies "beyond Moore's law" including testbeds.
- The **Computational Sciences Graduate Fellowship** is funded at \$10 million.



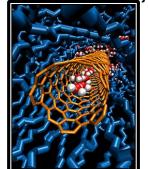
Basic Energy Sciences

Understanding, predicting, and controlling matter and energy at the electronic, atomic, and molecular levels

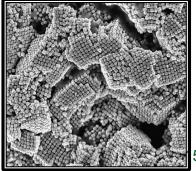
- The BES FY 2018 Request of \$1,554.5 million is a decrease of \$294.5 million or 16% from the FY 2016 Enacted level.
- The overall research funding in FY 2018 is reduced by 18% from FY 2016, requiring a significant shift in
 priorities with targeted reductions of activities that extend to later-stage fundamental research. Both the core
 research and the EFRC program will emphasize emerging high priorities in quantum materials and
 chemistry, catalysis science, synthesis, and instrumentation science.
- No funding is requested for the two BES-supported Energy Innovation Hubs, Batteries and Energy Storage and Fuels from Sunlight, or for the DOE Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research.
- All BES user facilities will operate at significantly below optimal levels. Selected light source beamlines and neutron flight paths will be shut down. The Stanford Synchrotron Radiation Lightsource will operate up to the first quarter and then transition to a warm standby status. No funding is requested for two Nanoscale Science Research Centers: the Center for Functional Nanomaterials or the Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies.
- No funding is requested for Long Term Surveillance and Maintenance or for the disposition of unused equipment for the Lujan Neutron Scattering Center.
- To maintain international competitiveness of our facilities, BES will continue to support the Linac Coherent Light Source-II (LCLS-II) and Advanced Photon Source Upgrade (APS-U) projects. APS-U will transition from a major item of equipment to a line item construction project.



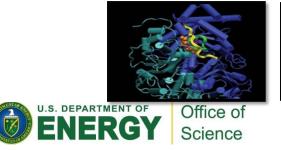


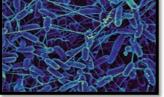




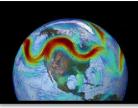


- Genomic sciences supports recompeted Bioenergy Research Centers at reduced levels, microbiome research, and efforts in biosystems design for bioenergy and renewable bioproducts.
- Mesoscale-to-molecules research supports the development of enabling technology to visualize key
 metabolic processes in plant and microbial cells at the subcellular and mesoscale, including new efforts in
 cryo-EM.
- Atmospheric System Research supports research to advance the understanding of cloud-aerosolprecipitation interactions to improve dynamic earth system models.
- Environmental and Earth System Modeling supports development of physical, chemical, and biological model components physical, chemical, and biological model components, as well as fully coupled Earth system models to simulate climate variability at regional and global scales.
- Environmental System Science supports research to provide a robust, predictive understanding of terrestrial surface and subsurface ecosystems. Supports the Next Generation Ecosystem Experiment in the Arctic, targeting a terrestrial ecosystem not well represented in earth system models.
- User facilities operate at reduced levels: ARM continues measurements at two fixed sites: North Slope, Alaska and Southern Great Plains, Oklahoma; one mobile facility deploys to the Southern Ocean. JGI provides genome sequence data, synthesis, and analysis. EMSL focuses on molecular scale analysis for biological and environmental samples.









Fusion Energy Sciences

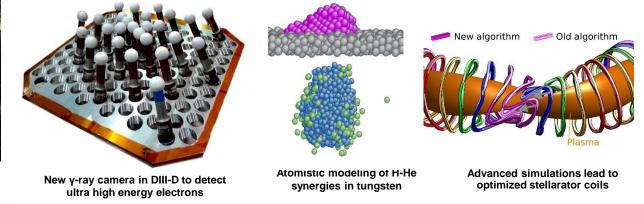
Matter at very high temperatures and densities and the scientific foundations for fusion

- DIII-D will operate for 18 weeks and focus on high priority research
- NSTX-U is down for repair. Scientists will analyze previous data, support recovery, and perform collaborative research on other tokamaks
- Support increases for Scientific Discovery through Advanced Computing activities
- Support is maintained for U.S. research involvement on international machines EAST (China), KSTAR (Korea), and W7-X (Germany)
- Materials and Fusion Nuclear Science research will focus on high priority research
- HEDLP research is will focus on the MEC instrument at LCLS
- General Plasma Science activities will continue, including the partnership with NSF
- The Request supports the U.S. Contributions to ITER Project



Performing astrophysics experiments in the lab (MEC / SLAC)





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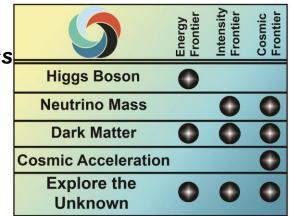
High Energy Physics

Understanding how the universe works at its most fundamental level

- The HEP mission is to understand how our universe works at its most fundamental level:
 - Discover the most elementary constituents of matter and energy
 - $\circ~$ Probe the interactions between them
 - $\circ~$ Explore the basic nature of space and time
- In May 2014 the Particle Physics Project Prioritization Panel (P5) released a report presenting an actionable long-term strategy for U.S. particle physics that enables discovery and maintains the U.S. position as a global leader in particle physics.
 - The P5 report identified five intertwined science drivers, compelling lines of inquiry that show great promise for discovery:
 - 🥝 Use the *Higgs boson* as a new tool for discovery

 - Identify the new physics of *dark matter*
 - Understand cosmic acceleration: dark energy and inflation
 - *Explore the unknown*: new particles, interactions, and physical principles
- Science drivers identify the scientific motivation while the *Energy, Intensity, and Cosmic Research Frontiers* provide a useful categorization of experimental techniques





Nuclear Physics

Discovering, exploring, and understanding all forms of nuclear matter

- Decreased funding for research focuses resources on the most critical areas of nuclear science research
- Operations at RHIC will be supported for ten weeks in FY 2018. Beam time in FY 2018 will be combined with planned operation in FY 2019 to explore the properties of the quark gluon plasma first discovered there and to enable studies of spin physics
- The 12 GeV CEBAF Upgrade, completed in FY 2017, will begin its scientific program with a ten week run, promising new discoveries and an improved understanding of quark confinement.
- Operations at ATLAS are supported, continuing to provide high-quality beams of all the stable elements up to uranium as well as selected beams of short-lived nuclei.
- Construction will continue on the Facility for Rare Isotope Beams following a rebaseline of the project reflecting reduced construction funding in FY 2018. Funding for the Gamma-Ray Energy Tracking Array (GRETA) MIE is continued to exploit the scientific potential of FRIB.
- Fabrication continues on the Stable Isotope Production Facility (SIPF) to produce enriched stable isotopes, a capability not available in the U.S. for almost 20 years.

